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**Oven with microwave function
HMG636R.1**



BOSCH

[en] Instruction manual

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Additional information on products, accessories, replacement parts and services can be found at **www.bosch-home.com** and in the online shop **www.bosch-eshop.com**

Intended use

Read these instructions carefully. Only then will you be able to operate your appliance safely and correctly. Retain the instruction manual and installation instructions for future use or for subsequent owners.

This appliance is only intended to be fully fitted in a kitchen. Observe the special installation instructions.

Check the appliance for damage after unpacking it. Do not connect the appliance if it has been damaged in transport.

Only a licensed professional may connect appliances without plugs. Damage caused by incorrect connection is not covered under warranty.

This appliance is intended for domestic use only. The appliance must only be used for the preparation of food and drink. The appliance must be supervised during operation. Only use this appliance indoors.

This appliance is intended for use up to a maximum height of 2000 metres above sea level.

This appliance may be used by children over the age of 8 years old and by persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or by persons with a lack of experience or knowledge if they are supervised or are instructed by a person responsible for their safety how to use the appliance safely and have understood the associated hazards.

Children must not play with, on, or around the appliance. Children must not clean the appliance or carry out general maintenance unless they are at least 8 years old and are being supervised.

Keep children below the age of 8 years old at a safe distance from the appliance and power cable.

Always slide accessories into the cooking compartment the right way round.

→ "Accessories" on page 13

Important safety information

General information

Warning – Risk of fire!

- Combustible items stored in the cooking compartment may catch fire. Never store combustible items in the cooking compartment. Never open the appliance door if there is smoke inside. Switch off the appliance and unplug it from the mains or switch off the circuit breaker in the fuse box.
- A draught is created when the appliance door is opened. Greaseproof paper may come into contact with the heating element and catch fire. Do not place greaseproof paper loosely over accessories during preheating. Always weight down the greaseproof paper with a dish or a baking tin. Only cover the surface required with greaseproof paper. Greaseproof paper must not protrude over the accessories.

Warning – Risk of burns!

- The appliance becomes very hot. Never touch the interior surfaces of the cooking compartment or the heating elements. Always allow the appliance to cool down. Keep children at a safe distance.
- Accessories and ovenware become very hot. Always use oven gloves to remove accessories or ovenware from the cooking compartment.
- Alcoholic vapours may catch fire in the hot cooking compartment. Never prepare food containing large quantities of drinks with a high alcohol content. Only use small quantities of drinks with a high alcohol content. Open the appliance door with care.

Warning – Risk of scalding!

- The accessible parts become hot during operation. Never touch the hot parts. Keep children at a safe distance.
- When you open the appliance door, hot steam can escape. Steam may not be visible, depending on its temperature. When opening, do not stand too close to the appliance. Open the appliance door carefully. Keep children away.
- Water in a hot cooking compartment may create hot steam. Never pour water into the hot cooking compartment.

Warning – Risk of injury!

- Scratched glass in the appliance door may develop into a crack. Do not use a glass scraper, sharp or abrasive cleaning aids or detergents.
- The hinges on the appliance door move when opening and closing the door, and you may be trapped. Keep your hands away from the hinges.

Warning – Risk of electric shock!

- Incorrect repairs are dangerous. Repairs may only be carried out and damaged power cables replaced by one of our trained after-sales technicians. If the appliance is defective, unplug the appliance from the mains or switch off the circuit breaker in the fuse box. Contact the after-sales service.
- The cable insulation on electrical appliances may melt when touching hot parts of the appliance. Never bring electrical appliance cables into contact with hot parts of the appliance.
- Do not use any high-pressure cleaners or steam cleaners, which can result in an electric shock.
- A defective appliance may cause electric shock. Never switch on a defective appliance. Unplug the appliance from the mains or switch off the circuit breaker in the fuse box. Contact the after-sales service.

Warning – Hazard due to magnetism!

Permanent magnets are used in the control panel or in the control elements. They may affect electronic implants, e.g. heart pacemakers or insulin pumps. Wearers of electronic implants must stay at least 10 cm away from the control panel.

Microwave

Warning – Risk of fire!

- Using the appliance for anything other than its intended purpose is dangerous and may cause damage.

The following is not permitted: drying out food or clothing, heating slippers, grain or cereal pillows, sponges, damp cleaning cloths or similar.

For example, heated slippers and grain or cereal pillows may catch fire, even several hours after they have been heated. The appliance must only be used for the preparation of food and drinks.

- Food may catch fire. Never heat food in heat-retaining packages. Do not leave food heating unattended in containers made of plastic, paper or other combustible materials. Do not select a microwave power or time setting that is higher than necessary. Follow the information provided in this instruction manual. Never use the microwave to dry food. Never defrost or heat food with a low water content, e.g. bread, at too high a microwave power or for too long.
- Cooking oil may catch fire. Never use the microwave to heat cooking oil on its own.

Warning – Risk of explosion!

Liquids and other food may explode when in containers that have been tightly sealed. Never heat liquids or other food in containers that have been tightly sealed.

Warning – Risk of burns!

- Foods with peel or skin may burst or explode during, or even after, heating. Never cook eggs in their shells or reheat hard-boiled eggs. Never cook shellfish or crustaceans. Always prick the yolk when baking or poaching eggs. The skin of foods that have a peel or skin, such as apples, tomatoes, potatoes and sausages, may burst. Before heating, prick the peel or skin.
- Heat is not distributed evenly through baby food. Never heat baby food in closed containers. Always remove the lid or teat. Stir or shake well after the food has been heated. Check the temperature of the food before it is given to the child.

- Heated food gives off heat. The ovenware may become hot. Always use oven gloves to remove ovenware or accessories from the cooking compartment.
- Airtight packaging may burst when food is heated. Always observe the instructions on the packaging. Always use oven gloves to remove dishes from the cooking compartment.

Warning – Risk of scalding!

There is a possibility of delayed boiling when a liquid is heated. This means that the liquid reaches boiling temperature without the usual steam bubbles rising to the surface. Even if the container only vibrates a little, the hot liquid may suddenly boil over and spatter. When heating, always place a spoon in the container. This will prevent delayed boiling.

Warning – Risk of injury!

- Unsuitable ovenware may crack. Porcelain or ceramic ovenware can have small perforations in the handles or lids. These perforations conceal a cavity below. Any moisture that penetrates this cavity could cause the ovenware to crack. Only use microwave-safe ovenware.
- If using the appliance in microwave mode only, placing cookware and containers made of metal inside the appliance may cause sparks when the appliance is operating. This will damage the appliance. Never use metal containers when using the appliance in microwave mode only. Use only microwave-safe cookware or, alternatively, the microwave in combination with a type of heating.

Warning – Risk of electric shock!

The appliance is a high-voltage appliance. Never remove the casing.

Warning – Risk of serious damage to health!

- The surface of the appliance may become damaged if it is not cleaned properly. Microwave energy may escape. Clean the appliance on a regular basis, and remove any food residue immediately. Always keep the cooking compartment, door seal, door and door stop clean.
- Microwave energy may escape if the cooking compartment door or the door seal is damaged. Never use the appliance if the cooking compartment door, the door seal or the plastic door frame is damaged. Call the after-sales service.
- Microwave energy will escape from appliances that do not have any casing. Never remove the casing. For any maintenance or repair work, contact the after-sales service.

Meat thermometer

Warning – Risk of electric shock!

The insulation of an incompatible meat thermometer may be damaged. Only use the meat thermometer which is recommended for this appliance.

Causes of damage

General information

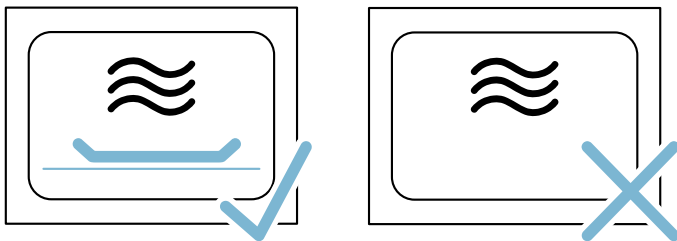
Caution!

- Accessories, foil, greaseproof paper or ovenware on the cooking compartment floor: do not place accessories on the cooking compartment floor. Do not cover the cooking compartment floor with any sort of foil or greaseproof paper. Do not place ovenware on the cooking compartment floor if a temperature of over 50 °C has been set. This will cause heat to accumulate. The baking and roasting times will no longer be correct and the enamel will be damaged.
- Aluminium foil: Aluminium foil in the cooking compartment must not come into contact with the door glass. This could cause permanent discolouration of the door glass.
- Silicone pans: Do not use any silicone pans, or any mats, covers or accessories that contain silicone. The oven sensor may be damaged.
- Water in a hot cooking compartment: do not pour water into the cooking compartment when it is hot. This will cause steam. The temperature change can cause damage to the enamel.
- Moisture in the cooking compartment: Over an extended period of time, moisture in the cooking compartment may lead to corrosion. Allow the cooking compartment to dry after use. Do not keep moist food in the closed cooking compartment for extended periods of time. Do not store food in the cooking compartment.
- Cooling with the appliance door open: Following operation at high temperatures, only allow the cooking compartment to cool down with the door closed. Do not trap anything in the appliance door. Even if the door is only left open a crack, the front of nearby furniture may become damaged over time. Only leave the cooking compartment to dry with the door open if a lot of moisture was produced whilst the oven was operating.
- Fruit juice: when baking particularly juicy fruit pies, do not pack the baking tray too generously. Fruit juice dripping from the baking tray leaves stains that cannot be removed. If possible, use the deeper universal pan.
- Extremely dirty seal: If the seal is very dirty, the appliance door will no longer close properly during operation. The fronts of adjacent units could be damaged. Always keep the seal clean.
- Appliance door as a seat, shelf or worktop: Do not sit on the appliance door, or place or hang anything on it. Do not place any cookware or accessories on the appliance door.
- Inserting accessories: depending on the appliance model, accessories can scratch the door panel when closing the appliance door. Always insert the accessories into the cooking compartment as far as they will go.
- Carrying the appliance: do not carry or hold the appliance by the door handle. The door handle cannot support the weight of the appliance and could break.

Microwave

Caution!

- Creation of sparks: Metal – e.g. a spoon in a glass – must be kept at least 2 cm from the cooking compartment walls and the inside of the door. Sparks can irreparably damage the glass on the inside of the door.
- Combining accessories: Do not combine the wire rack with the universal pan. Sparks may be created if they are inserted directly on top of one another. Only insert them into their own shelf level.
- Microwave only: The universal pan and baking tray are unsuitable when using the microwave only. If you use either of these, this may create sparks, which may damage the cooking compartment. Place cookware on the wire rack provided, or place it in the microwave and set a type of heating.
- Foil containers: Do not use foil containers in the appliance. They damage the appliance by producing sparks.
- Operating the microwave without food: Operating the appliance without food in the cooking compartment may lead to overloading. Never switch on the microwave unless there is food inside. The short crockery test is the exception to this rule.
→ "Microwave" on page 19



- Microwave popcorn: Never set the microwave output too high. Use a maximum microwave output of 600 watts. Always place the popcorn bag on a glass plate. The door panels may jump if overloaded.



Environmental protection

Your new appliance is particularly energy-efficient. Here you can find tips on how to save even more energy when using the appliance, and how to dispose of your appliance properly.

Saving energy

- Only preheat the appliance if this is specified in the recipe or in the tables in the operating instructions.
- Use dark, black lacquered or enamelled baking tins. They absorb heat particularly well.
- Open the appliance door as infrequently as possible during operation.
- It is best to bake several cakes one after the other. The cooking compartment is still warm. This reduces the baking time for the second cake. You can place two cake tins next to each other in the cooking compartment.
- For longer cooking times, you can switch the appliance off 10 minutes before the end of the cooking time and use the residual heat to finish cooking.

Environmentally-friendly disposal

Dispose of packaging in an environmentally-friendly manner.

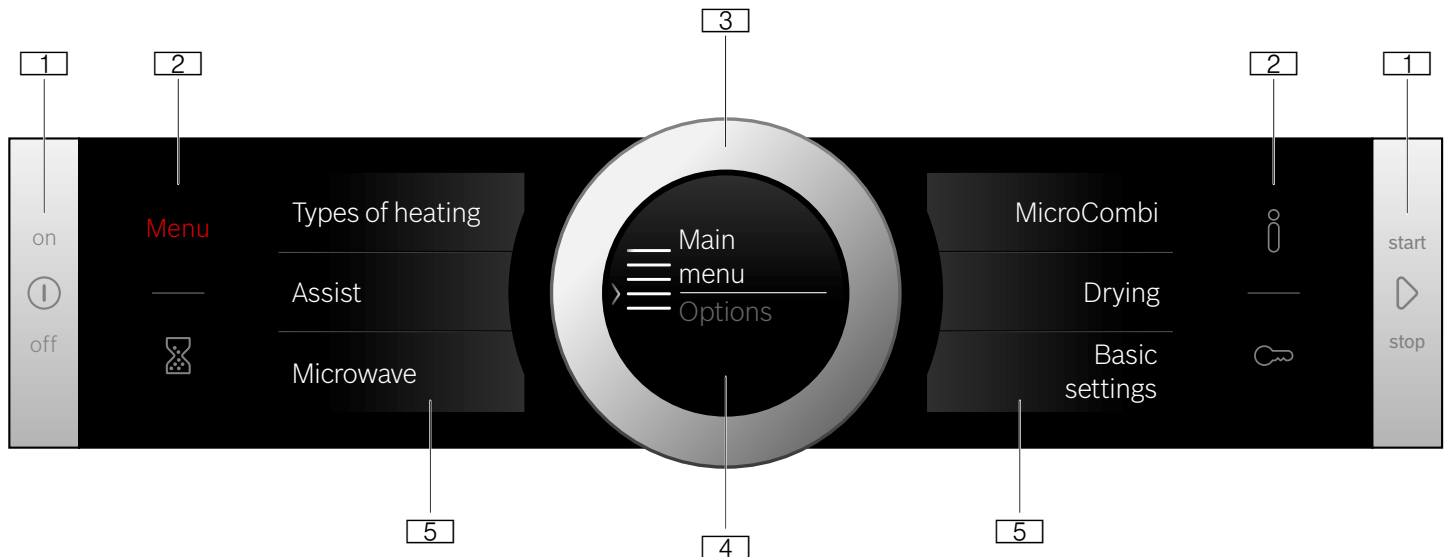


This appliance is labelled in accordance with European Directive 2012/19/EU concerning used electrical and electronic appliances (waste electrical and electronic equipment - WEEE). The guideline determines the framework for the return and recycling of used appliances as applicable throughout the EU.

Getting to know your appliance

In this chapter, we will explain the displays and controls. You will also find out about the various functions of your appliance.

Note: Depending on the appliance model, individual details and colours may differ.



1 Buttons

The buttons on the left- and right-hand side of the control panel have a pressure point. Press these buttons to activate them.

For appliances that do not have a stainless steel front, these two button touch fields do not have a pressure point.

2 Touch fields

There are sensors under the touch fields. Simply touch the respective symbol to select the function.

3 Rotary selector

The rotary selector is fitted so that you can turn it indefinitely to the left or right. Press it lightly and move it in the direction required using your finger.

4 Display

You can see the current adjustment values, options or notes in the display.

5 Touch-screen displays

You can see the current selection options in the touch-screen displays. You can select these here directly by touching the appropriate text field. The text fields change depending on the selection.

Control panel

In the control panel, you can use the various buttons, touch fields, touch-screen displays and the rotary selector to set the different appliance functions. The current settings are shown on the display.

The overview shows the control panel when the appliance is switched on with the menu display.

Controls

The individual controls are adapted for the various functions of your appliance. You can set your appliance simply and directly.

Buttons and touch fields

Here you can find a short explanation of the various buttons and touch fields.

| Symbol | | Meaning |
|---------------------|-----------------|--|
| Buttons | | |
| ⓘ | on/off | Switching the appliance on and off |
| ▶ | Start/Stop | Starting, pausing or cancelling (hold down for approx. 3 secs) an operation |
| Touch fields | | |
| Menu | Menu | Opens the "Operating modes" menu |
| ⌚ | Timer | Selects the timer |
| i | Information | Displays information |
| 🔒 | Childproof lock | Activating and deactivating (hold down for approx. 4 secs) the childproof lock |

Rotary selector

You can use the rotary selector to change the setting values shown on the display.

You can also use the rotary selector to scroll through the selection lists on the touch-screen displays.

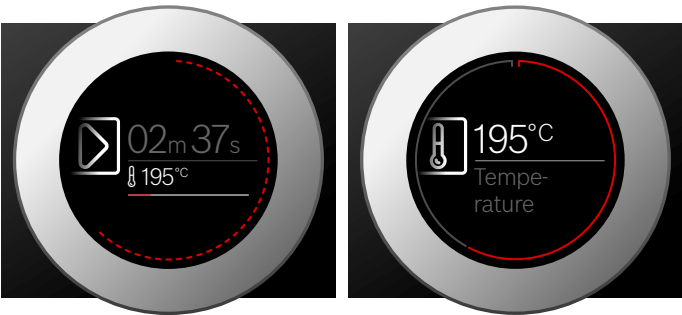
In most selection lists, you have to turn the rotary selector in the opposite direction once you reach the beginning or the end of the list.

Display

The display is structured so that the information can be read at a glance in any situation.

The value that you can currently set is highlighted in white text in the display. The value in the background is displayed in grey text.

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Highlighted information | <p>The highlighted value can be changed immediately without first being selected.</p> <p>After starting an operation, either the temperature or level remains highlighted. The white line also serves as the heating line and gradually turns red.</p> <p>Note: When using the Microwave operating mode, the cooking time is highlighted. The heating line does not appear.</p> |
| Enlargement | <p>As long as you use the rotary selector to change the highlighted value, only this value will be displayed larger.</p> |



Display ring

The display ring can be found around the outside of the display.

If you change a value, the display ring shows you where you are in the selection list. Depending on the settings area and length of the selection list, the display ring may be continuous or divided into segments.

During operation, the display ring turns red at second-long intervals. After every full minute, the segments turn red again from the beginning. As the cooking time counts down, one segment disappears every second.

Temperature display

After the operation has started, the current cooking compartment temperature is displayed graphically on the display.

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| Heating line | <p>The white line under the temperature turns red from left to right as the cooking compartment heats up. When you are preheating the appliance, the optimal time to place the food in the cooking compartment is when the line has completely turned red.</p> <p>For set levels, e.g. the grill setting, the heating line turns red immediately.</p> |
| Residual heat indicator | <p>When the appliance is switched off, the display ring shows the residual heat in the cooking compartment. As the residual heat cools down, the display ring becomes darker and disappears completely at some point.</p> |

Note: Due to thermal inertia, the temperature displayed may be slightly different to the actual temperature inside the oven.

Touch-screen displays

The touch-screen displays are both a display medium and control element at the same time. They show the options that you can select for a function and the current setting. To select a function, simply touch the text field directly.

The function currently selected is identified by a red vertical bar next to it. Its corresponding value is highlighted in white on the display.

The small red arrow next to the text field shows the functions to which you can scroll forwards or backwards.



Operating modes

Your appliance has various operating modes which make your appliance easier to use.

You can find more precise descriptions of these in the corresponding sections.












| Operating mode | Use |
|---|--|
| Heating types → "Operating the appliance" on page 16 | There are various finely tuned heating types for the optimal preparation of your food. |
| Assist → "Dishes" on page 31 | For many dishes, there are preprogrammed setting values. |
| Microwave → "Microwave" on page 19 | You can use the microwave to cook, heat up or defrost your dishes more quickly. |
| MicroCombi → "Microwave" on page 19 | You can use the microwave combination function to switch on the microwave and a type of heating. |
| Drying → "Microwave" on page 19 | Use after every microwave operation. |
| Basic settings → "Basic settings" on page 24 | You can change your appliance's basic settings to suit your needs. |

Types of heating

To enable you to find the correct type of heating for your dish, we have explained the differences and scopes of application here.

The symbols for each type of heating help you to remember them.

When cooking at very high temperatures, the appliance lowers the temperature slightly after an extended period.

| Heating type | Temperature | Use |
|---|--|---|
|  4D hot air | 30-275 °C | For baking and roasting on one or more levels. The fan distributes heat from the ring heating element in the back panel evenly around the cooking compartment. |
|  Top/bottom heating | 30-300 °C | For traditional baking and roasting on one level. Especially suitable for cakes with moist toppings. Heat is emitted evenly from the top and bottom. |
|  Hot air eco | 30-275 °C | For energy-optimised cooking of selected dishes on one level without preheating. The fan distributes the energy-optimised heat from the ring heating element in the back wall evenly around the cooking compartment. |
|  Top/bottom heating eco | 30-300 °C | For energy-optimised cooking of selected dishes. Heat is emitted evenly from the top and bottom. |
|  Hot air grilling | 30-300 °C | For roasting poultry, whole fish and larger pieces of meat. The grill element and the fan switch on and off alternately. The fan circulates the hot air around the food. |
|  Grill, large area | Grill settings: 1 = low 2 = medium 3 = high | For grilling flat items for grilling, such as steaks and sausages, for making toast, and for cooking au gratin. The whole area below the grill element becomes hot. |
|  Grill, small area | Grill settings: 1 = low 2 = medium 3 = high | For grilling small amounts of steaks or sausages, for making toast, and for cooking au gratin. The centre area under the grill heating element becomes hot. |
|  Pizza setting | 30-275 °C | For preparing pizza and dishes which require a lot of heat from underneath. The bottom heating element and the ring heating element in the back panel heat up. |
|  Slow cooking | 70-120 °C | For gentle and slow cooking of seared, tender pieces of meat in ovenware without a lid. The heat is emitted evenly from the top and bottom at low temperatures. |
|  Bottom heating | 30-250 °C | For cooking in a bain marie and for the final baking stage. The heat is emitted from below. |
|  Keeping warm | 60-100 °C | For keeping cooked food warm. |
|  Preheating ovenware | 30-70 °C | For preheating ovenware. |

Default values

For each heating type, the appliance specifies a default temperature or level. You can accept this value or change it in the appropriate area.

Microwave

To ensure that you always use the correct microwave power setting, we have provided a general overview of what the different power settings can be used for below.

| Microwave power setting | Maximum cooking time | Use |
|-------------------------|----------------------|--|
| 90 watts | 1 hour 30 mins | For defrosting delicate foods. |
| 180 watts | 1 hour 30 mins | For defrosting and continued cooking. |
| 360 watts | 1 hour 30 mins | For cooking meat and for heating delicate foods. |
| 600 watts | 1 hour 30 mins | For heating and cooking food. |
| 900 watts | 30 minutes | For heating liquids. |


MicroCombi

Various types of heating can be combined with the Microwave operating mode. The appliance heats up and the microwave is switched on at the same time. As a result, the food is ready in a much shorter time.

Microwave power settings between 90 and 360 watts are suitable for this.

Further information

In most cases, the appliance provides notes and further information on the action just carried out.

Touch the  field. The note is shown in the display for a few seconds. Use the rotary selector to scroll to the end of longer notes.


Some notes are displayed automatically, for example as confirmation, or to provide an instruction or warning.

Cooking compartment functions

The functions in the cooking compartment make your appliance easier to use. This, for example, enables the cooking compartment to be well lit and a cooling fan to prevent the appliance from overheating.

Opening the appliance door

If you open the appliance door during an operation, the operation is paused. The operation continues to run when you close the door.

Note: When using the Microwave operating mode, you must touch the  Start/Stop button once the door has been closed to resume the operation. You can change the basic setting for this. → "Basic settings" on page 24

Interior lighting

When you open the appliance door, the interior lighting switches on. If the door remains open for longer than around 15 minutes, the lighting switches off again.

For most operating modes, the interior lighting switches on as soon as the operation is started. When the operation has finished, the lighting switches off.

Note: You can set the interior lighting not to come on during the operation in the basic settings. → "Basic settings" on page 24

Cooling fan

The cooling fan switches on and off as required. The hot air escapes above the door.

Caution!

Do not cover the ventilation slots. Otherwise, the appliance may overheat.

So that the cooking compartment cools down more quickly after the operation, the cooling fan continues to run for a certain period afterwards.


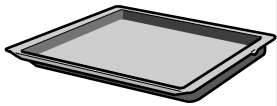


Note: You can change how long the cooling fan continues to run in the basic settings. → "Basic settings" on page 24

Accessories

Your appliance is accompanied by a range of accessories. Here, you can find an overview of the accessories included and information on how to use them correctly.

Accessories included

Your appliance is equipped with the following accessories:

| | |
|--|--|
|  | Wire rack For ovenware, cake tins and ovenproof dishes. For roasts and grilled food. The wire rack is suitable for use in the microwave. |
|  | Universal pan For moist cakes, pastries, frozen meals and large roasts. It can be used to catch dripping fat when you are grilling directly on the wire rack. |
|  | Baking tray For tray bakes and small baked products. |
|  | Meat thermometer Enables precision roasting to your exact requirements. Its use is described in the relevant section. → "Meat thermometer" on page 21 |

Only use original accessories. They are specially adapted for your appliance.

You can buy accessories from the after-sales service, from specialist retailers or online.

Note: The accessories may deform when they become hot. This does not affect their function. Once they have cooled down again, they regain their original shape.

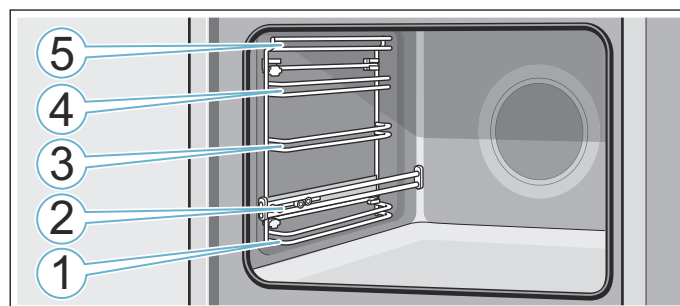
Microwave

Only the wire rack provided is suitable when using the microwave only. If you use the universal pan or the baking tray, this may create sparks, which may damage the cooking compartment.

When using the appliance in combination with the microwave or "Dishes" mode, you can use the universal pan, baking tray or any other accessories that have been included with the appliance.

Inserting accessories

The cooking compartment has five shelf positions. The shelf positions are counted from the bottom up.

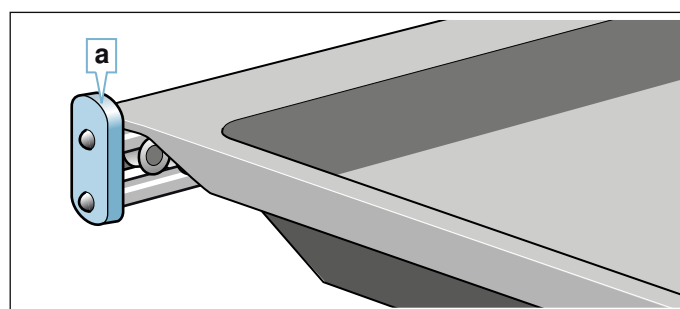


When using shelf positions 1, 3, 4 and 5, always insert the accessory between the two guide rods for a shelf position.

The accessories can be pulled out approximately halfway without tipping. With the pull-out rails at level 2, you can pull the accessories out further.

Ensure that the accessory is placed behind the catch tappet **a** on the pull-out rail.

Example in the picture: Universal pan




The pull-out rails lock in place when they are fully pulled out. This makes it easy to place the accessories in position. To unlock, push the pull-out rails back into the cooking compartment with a certain amount of force.

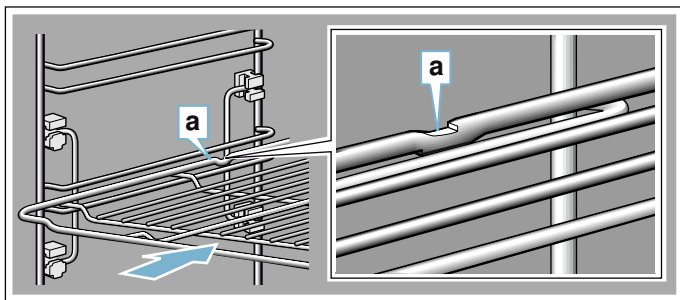
Notes

- Ensure that you always insert the accessories into the cooking compartment the right way round.
- Always insert the accessories fully into the cooking compartment so that they do not touch the appliance door.

Locking function

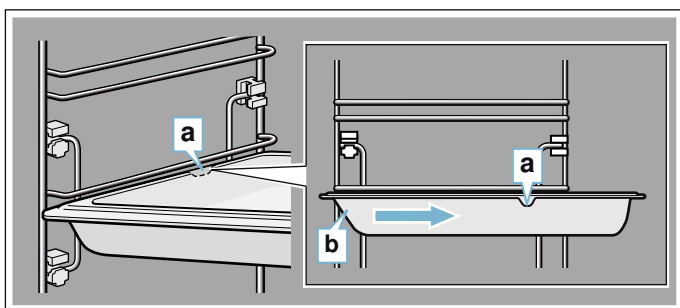
The accessories can be pulled out approximately halfway until they lock in place. The locking function prevents the accessories from tilting when they are pulled out. The accessories must be inserted into the cooking compartment correctly for the tilt protection to work properly.

When inserting the wire rack, ensure that the catch tappet **a** is at the rear and is facing downwards. The lettering "microwave" must be at the front and the outer rail must face downwards .



When inserting baking trays, ensure that the catch tappet **a** is at the rear and is facing downwards. The sloping edge of the accessory **b** must be facing forwards towards the appliance door.

Example in the picture: Universal pan



Optional accessories

You can buy optional accessories from the after-sales service, from specialist retailers or online. *You will find a comprehensive range of products for your appliance in our brochures and online.

Both availability and whether it is possible to order online differ between countries. Please see your sales brochures for more details.

When purchasing, please always quote the exact order number of the optional accessory.

Note: Not all optional accessories are suitable for every appliance. When purchasing, please always quote the exact identification number (E-no.) of your appliance.
→ "Customer service" on page 31

| Special accessories | Order number |
|--|--------------|
| Wire rack For ovenware, cake tins and ovenproof dishes, and for roasts and grilled food. | HEZ634080 |
| Universal pan For moist cakes, pastries, frozen meals and large roasts. It can be used to catch dripping fat when you are grilling directly on the wire rack. | HEZ632070 |
| Baking tray For tray bakes and small baked products. | HEZ631070 |
| Wire insert For meat, poultry and fish. For inserting into the universal pan to catch dripping fat and meat juices. | HEZ324000 |
| Universal pan, non-stick For moist cakes, pastries, frozen meals and large roasts. Pastries and roasts can be removed more easily from the universal pan. | HEZ632010 |
| Baking tray, non-stick For tray bakes and small baked products. The pastries can be removed more easily from the baking tray. | HEZ631010 |
| Profi pan For preparing large quantities. | HEZ633070 |
| Lid for the Profi pan The lid turns the Profi pan into a Profi roasting dish. | HEZ633001 |
| Pizza tray For pizzas and large round cakes. | HEZ617000 |
| Grill tray Use for grilling in place of the wire rack or as a splatter guard. Only use in the universal pan. | HEZ625071 |
| Bread-baking stone For home-made bread, bread rolls and pizzas that require a crispy base. The baking stone must be preheated to the recommended temperature. | HEZ327000 |
| Glass roasting dish (5.1 litres) For stews and bakes. Particularly suitable for the "Meals" operating mode. | HEZ915001 |
| Glass tray For large roasts, moist cakes and bakes. | HEZ864000 |
| Glass tray For bakes, vegetable dishes and baked goods. | HEZ636000 |
| Decorative trims For concealing the lower shelf of the unit and the base of the appliance. | HEZ660060 |



Before using for the first time

Before you can use your new appliance, you must make some settings. You must also clean the cooking compartment and accessories.

Initial use

After connecting the appliance to the power or following a power cut, the settings for initial use are shown on the display. It may take a few seconds for the instruction to appear.

Note: You can change these settings at any time in the basic settings. → *"Basic settings" on page 24*

Setting the language

The language is the first setting displayed. "German" is the preset language.

1. Turn the rotary selector to set the required language.
2. Touch the next text field to confirm.
The next setting appears.

Setting the time

The time starts at "12:00".

1. Touch the "Clock" text field.
2. Set the time using the rotary selector.
3. Touch the "Complete the settings" text field to confirm.

A message appears on the display to confirm that the initial use has been completed.

Cleaning the cooking compartment and accessories

Before using the appliance to prepare food for the first time, you must clean the cooking compartment and accessories.

Cleaning the cooking compartment

To remove the new-appliance smell, heat up the cooking compartment when empty and with the oven door closed.

Ensure that the cooking compartment does not contain any leftover packaging, such as polystyrene pellets. Before heating up the appliance, wipe the smooth surfaces in the cooking compartment with a soft, wet cloth. Keep the kitchen ventilated while the appliance is heating up.

Adjust the settings indicated. You can find out how to set the heating type and the temperature in the next section. → *"Operating the appliance" on page 16*

| Settings | |
|--------------|--------------------|
| Heating type | Top/bottom heating |
| Temperature | 240 °C |
| Cooking time | 1 hour |

Switch off the appliance after the indicated cooking time using the ⏻ On/Off button.

After the cooking compartment has cooled down, clean the smooth surfaces with soapy water and a dish cloth.

Cleaning the accessories

Clean the accessories thoroughly using soapy water and a dish cloth or soft brush.

Operating the appliance

You have already learnt about the controls and how they work. Now we will explain how to set your appliance. You will learn about what happens when you switch the appliance on and off, and how to select the operating mode.


Switching the appliance on and off

Before you are able to set the appliance, you must switch it on.

Note: The childproof lock and the timer can also be set when the appliance is switched off. Certain displays and notes, such as those relating to the residual heat in the cooking compartment, remain visible on the display after the appliance has been switched off.

Switch off your appliance when you do not need to use it. If no settings are applied for a long time, the appliance switches itself off automatically.


Switching on the appliance

Press the  On/Off button to switch on the appliance.

The Bosch logo appears on the display, followed by the selection list for the types of heating.

Note: In the basic settings, you can specify which operating mode should appear after the appliance is switched on. → "Basic settings" on page 24

Switching off the appliance


Press the  On/Off button to switch off the appliance.

Any functions that may be running are cancelled.

The time, or if applicable, the residual heat indicator, appears on the display.


Note: You can set whether or not the time should be displayed when the appliance is switched off in the basic settings. → "Basic settings" on page 24


Starting the operation

You must press the  Start/Stop button to start each operation.

After starting the appliance, the time display is shown on the display along with the settings. The display ring and the heating line also appear.

Pausing the operation

You can also interrupt and then continue an operation using the  Start/Stop button.

If you press and hold the  Start/Stop button for approx. 3 seconds, the operation is cancelled and all settings are reset.


Note: The fan may continue to run after an operation has been paused or cancelled.

Selecting an operating mode

Once the appliance is switched on, the default operating mode is displayed.

If you would like to select a different operating mode, you can do so using the menu. You can find detailed descriptions of the individual operating modes in the corresponding sections.

The following always applies:

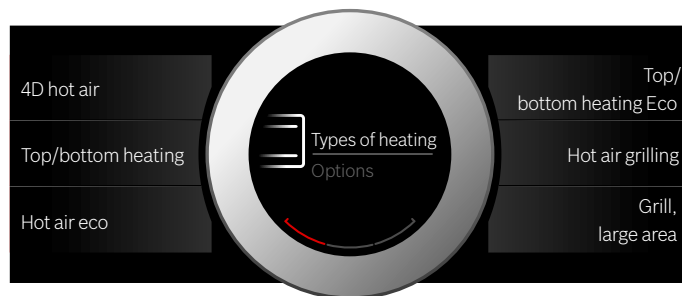
1. Touch the appropriate text field.
The function is highlighted.
2. Turn the rotary selector to change the highlighted selection.
3. If necessary, apply other settings.
To do this, touch the appropriate text field and change the value using the rotary selector.
4. Press the  Start/Stop button to start.
The appliance starts the operation.

Setting the type of heating and temperature

If the "Types of heating" operating mode has not been selected, touch the "Types of heating" text field in the menu. The selection list for the types of heating appears on the touch-screen displays.

Example in the picture: Hot air eco  at 195 °C.

1. Touch the text field with the required type of heating.
If necessary, scroll through the selection list using the rotary selector.



The temperature is highlighted white.

2. Set the temperature using the rotary selector.



3. Press the  Start/Stop button to start.
The time on the display shows how long the operation has already been running.



The appliance begins to heat up.

When your dish is ready, switch off the appliance using the ⏻ On/Off button.

Note: You can also set the cooking time and an end time for the operation on the appliance. → "Time-setting options" on page 17

Changing

After starting the appliance, the temperature is highlighted. When you move the rotary selector, the temperature is changed and applied immediately.



To change the type of heating, first use the ▷ Start/Stop button to interrupt the operation and then touch the "Type of heating" text field. The selection list is displayed. Touch the required type of heating. The corresponding default temperature appears on the display.

Note: When you change the type of heating, the other settings are also reset.

Rapid heating

With Rapid heating, you can shorten the heat-up time for some heating types.

Heating types suitable for Rapid heating are:

-  4D hot air
-  Top/bottom heating

To ensure an even cooking result, do not place your food in the cooking compartment until Rapid heating is complete.

Applying settings

Ensure you have selected a suitable type of heating and set a temperature of at least 100 °C. Otherwise, rapid heating cannot be activated.

1. Set the type of heating and temperature.
2. Touch the "Rapid heating" text field.
"On" is displayed in the text field. A confirmation message appears on the display.

When rapid heating comes to an end, an audible signal sounds and a message appears on the display. "Off" is displayed in the text field. Place your dish in the cooking compartment.




Note: The "Cooking time" time-setting option starts at the same time as rapid heating. Therefore, only set a cooking time when rapid heating has come to an end.


Cancelling

To cancel the rapid heating, touch the "Rapid heating" text field again. "Off" is displayed in the text field.

Time-setting options

Your appliance has different time-setting options.

| Time-setting option | Use |
|--|--|
|  Cooking time | After the set cooking time has elapsed, the appliance ends the operation automatically. |
|  End | Enter a cooking time and the required end time. The appliance starts automatically so that the operation ends at the required time. |
|  Timer | The timer functions like an egg timer. It runs independently of the operation and the other time-setting options. After the set time has elapsed, the appliance does not switch on or off automatically. |

You can call up the cooking time and the end time after setting an operation using the touch-screen displays. The timer has a separate field  and can be adjusted at any time.

An audible signal sounds after a cooking time or timed period has elapsed. You can cancel the audible signal early by touching a field or touch-screen display.

Note: You can change how long the audible signal sounds for in the basic settings. → "Basic settings" on page 24

Setting the cooking time

You can set the cooking time for your dish on the appliance. This means that the cooking time is not unintentionally exceeded and you do not need to interrupt other work in order to end the operation.

Applying settings

Depending on which direction you turn the rotary selector first, the cooking time starts at a particular default value: Left = 10 minutes, right = 30 minutes.

The cooking time can be set in one-minute increments up to one hour, and then in five-minute increments.

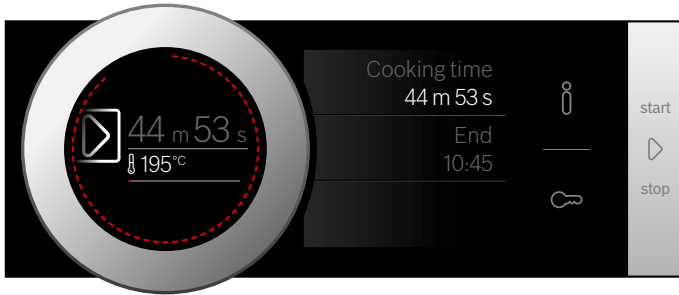
The maximum setting is 23 hours and 59 minutes.

Example in the picture: It is 10:00, cooking time of 45 minutes.

1. Set the operating mode, and temperature or level.
2. Before starting the operation, touch the "Cooking time" text field.
The cooking time is highlighted white in the display.
3. Turn the rotary selector to set the cooking time.
The end time is calculated automatically.



4. Press the ▷ Start/Stop button to start.
The cooking time counts down.



The appliance begins to heat up.

Once the cooking time has elapsed, an audible signal sounds. The appliance stops heating. The cooking time 00 m 00 s is shown on the display.

You can reset the cooking time using the "Cooking time" text field or you can press the ▷ Start/Stop button to continue the operation without a cooking time.

When your dish is ready, switch the appliance off using the ⏻ On/Off button.

Changing and cancelling

To change the cooking time, touch the "Cooking time" text field. The cooking time is highlighted, and can be changed using the rotary selector. The change is adopted immediately.

If you want to cancel the cooking time, reset the cooking time to zero. After the change has been adopted, operating continues without a cooking time.

Setting the end time

You can delay the time that the cooking time ends. You can, for example, put your dish in the cooking compartment in the morning and set the cooking time so that it is ready at lunch time.

Notes

- Ensure that food is not left in the cooking compartment for too long as it may spoil.
- Do not adjust the end time once the operation has started. The cooking result would no longer be satisfactory.

Applying settings

The end of the cooking time can be delayed by a maximum of 23 hours and 59 minutes.

Example in the picture: It is 10:00, the set cooking time is 45 minutes and the dish should be ready at 12:00.

1. Set the operating mode, and temperature or level.
2. Set the cooking time.

3. Before starting the operation, touch the "End" text field.
The projected end time is highlighted white in the display.
4. Set a later end time using the rotary selector.



5. Press the ▷ Start/Stop button to start.
The time at which the appliance will start is shown in the display.



The appliance is in standby mode. When the appliance starts, the cooking time counts down on the display.

Once the cooking time has elapsed, an audible signal sounds. The appliance stops heating. The cooking time 00 m 00 s is shown on the display.

You can reset the cooking time using the "Cooking time" text field or you can press the ▷ Start/Stop button to continue the operation without a cooking time.

When your dish is ready, switch the appliance off using the ⏻ On/Off button.

Changing and cancelling

After starting the appliance, the end time can no longer be changed.

If you want to cancel the cooking time and end time, interrupt the operation by pressing the ▷ Start/Stop button. You can continue the operation without a cooking time or end time.

Setting the timer



The timer runs alongside other settings. You can set it at any time, even if the appliance is switched off. It has its own audible signal so that you can tell whether it is the timer or a cooking time which has elapsed.

Adjusting settings

The timer duration always starts at zero minutes.


The higher the value, the greater the time steps when setting the timer.

The maximum setting is 24 hours.

1. Touch the  field.
The symbol lights up red. On the display, the timer duration is shown in white and in focus.
2. Set the timer duration using the rotary selector.
3. Press the  field to start.

Note: After a few seconds, the timer also starts automatically.


The timer duration counts down.

The timer remains visible on the display if the appliance is switched off. When an operation is running, the settings for this operation are shown in the foreground. When you touch the  field, the timer duration is displayed for a few seconds.

When the timer duration comes to an end, an audible signal sounds and a note appears on the display. The symbol is no longer lit up.

Tip: If the set timer duration relates to the appliance operation, use the cooking time. The time is visible in the foreground and the appliance switches off automatically.

Changing and cancelling

To change the timer duration, touch the  field. The timer duration is displayed in white and in focus, and can be changed by using the rotary selector.

If you want to cancel the timer, reset the timer duration to zero. Once the change has been applied, the symbol is no longer lit up.



Microwave

You can use the microwave to cook, heat up or defrost food quickly. The microwave can be used on its own, or in combination with a type of heating.

To ensure optimum use of the microwave, please observe the notes on cookware and familiarise yourself with the data in the application tables at the end of the instruction manual.

Cookware

Not all cookware is suitable for microwaves. To ensure that your food is heated and the appliance is not damaged, only use cookware that is suitable for microwaves.

Heat-resistant cookware made of glass, glass ceramic, porcelain or heat-resistant plastic is suitable. These materials allow microwaves to pass through. You can also use ceramic if it has been fully glazed and has no cracks.

You can also use serving dishes. This saves you having to transfer food from one dish to another. You should only use cookware with decorative gold or silver trim if the manufacturer guarantees that they are suitable for use in microwaves.

To bake in combined operation, you can use ordinary metal baking tins. This means that the cake is also browned from below.

Metal dishes are not suitable for other applications. Metal does not allow microwaves to pass through. Food in covered metal containers will remain cold.

Caution!

Creation of sparks: Metal (e.g. a spoon in a glass) must be kept at least 2 cm from the cooking compartment walls and the inside of the door. Sparks may irreparably damage the glass on the inside of the door.

Cookware test

Never switch on the microwave unless there is food inside. The short cookware test is the only exception to this rule.

Perform the following test if you are unsure whether your cookware is suitable for use in the microwave.

1. Heat the empty cookware at maximum power for ½ to 1 minute.
2. Check the temperature of the cookware during this time.

The cookware should remain cold or warm to the touch.

The cookware is unsuitable if it becomes hot or sparks are generated.

In this case, stop the test.



Warning – Risk of burns!

The accessible parts become very hot when in operation. Never touch hot parts. Keep children at a safe distance.

Accessories included

Only the wire rack provided is suitable when using the microwave only. If you use the universal pan or the baking tray, this may create sparks, which may damage the cooking compartment.

When using the appliance in combination with the microwave or "Dishes" mode, you can use the universal pan, baking tray or any other accessories that have been included with the appliance.

When using the microwave, it is best to insert accessories at level 2, unless otherwise specified.

Microwave power settings

A variety of microwave power settings that are suitable for different types of food and food preparation are available.

In order to operate the microwave, a cooking time must always be provided. You can either apply the default cooking time or adjust it in the display.

| Power setting | Use | Maximum cooking time |
|---------------|---|----------------------|
| 90 W | For defrosting delicate foods | 1 hr 30 mins |
| 180 W | For defrosting and continued cooking | 1 hr 30 mins |
| 360 W | For cooking meat and for heating delicate foods | 1 hr 30 mins |
| 600 W | For heating and cooking food | 1 hr 30 mins |
| 900 W | For heating liquids | 30 mins |

Setting the microwave

Before setting the microwave, observe the information regarding suitable ovenware.

1. Touch the **Menu** field.
The list of operating modes is displayed.
2. Touch the "Microwave" text field.
3. Touch the text field for the required microwave power setting.
The cooking time is highlighted in white in the display.
4. Turn the rotary selector to set the cooking time.
5. Press the ▷ Start/Stop button to start.
The cooking time counts down in the display. The heating line does not appear when using the microwave operating mode.
The appliance starts.

Once the cooking time has elapsed, an audible signal sounds. The appliance finishes the operation. The cooking time 00 m 00 s is shown in the display.

When your dish is ready, use the Ⓜ On/Off button to switch off the appliance.

Changing and cancelling

After starting the appliance, the cooking time remains highlighted. When you move the rotary selector, the cooking time is changed and applied immediately.






Use the ▷ Start/Stop button to pause the operation in order to change the microwave power setting. Touch the text field for the required power setting and use the ▷ Start/Stop button to resume the operation. The cooking time is maintained.

If you want to cancel the microwave operating mode, use the ▷ Start/Stop button to pause the operation and select another operating mode.

Setting MicroCombi

With some types of heating, it is possible to switch on the microwave.

Suitable types of heating include:

-  4D hot air
-  Top/bottom heating
-  Hot air grilling
-  Grill, large area
-  Grill, small area

The 90-watt, 180-watt and 360-watt microwave power settings can be used with MicroCombi.

Before setting MicroCombi, observe the information regarding suitable ovenware.

1. Touch the **Menu** field.
The list of operating modes is displayed.
2. Touch the "MicroCombi" text field.
3. Touch the text field for the required type of heating.
4. Touch the text field for the required microwave power setting.
The temperature or level is highlighted in white in the display.
5. Turn the rotary selector to set the temperature or level.
6. Touch the "Cooking time" text field.
The cooking time is highlighted in white in the display.
7. Turn the rotary selector to set the cooking time.
8. Press the ▷ Start/Stop button to start.
The cooking time counts down in the display.
The appliance starts.


Once the cooking time has elapsed, an audible signal sounds. The appliance finishes the operation. The cooking time 00 m 00 s is shown in the display.

When your dish is ready, use the Ⓜ On/Off button to switch off the appliance.


Changing and cancelling

After starting the appliance, the temperature remains highlighted. When you move the rotary selector, the temperature and/or level is changed and applied immediately.

Change the cooking time by touching the "Cooking time" text field and turning the rotary selector. The change is applied immediately.

To change the type of heating or the microwave power setting, use the  Start/Stop button beforehand to pause the operation. Touch the text field for the type of heating or the microwave power setting, and make the adjustment.

Note: When you change the type of heating or microwave power setting, the other settings are also reset.



If you want to cancel the MicroCombi operating mode, use the  Start/Stop button to pause the operation and select another operating mode.

Drying

Dry the cooking compartment after operation to ensure that no moisture remains.

Starting drying

During drying, the cooking compartment is heated up so that the moisture in the cooking compartment evaporates. Then open the appliance door so that the steam escapes.

1. Leave the appliance to cool down.
2. Remove the worst dirt from the cooking compartment immediately and wipe away moisture from the cooking compartment floor.
3. If necessary, press the  On/Off button to switch on the appliance.
4. Touch the **menu** field.
The options for selecting an operating mode are displayed.
5. Touch the "Drying" text field.
The duration is displayed. It cannot be changed.
6. Press the  Start/Stop button to start.
The drying function starts and ends automatically after 10 minutes.
7. Open the appliance door and leave it open for 1 to 2 minutes so that the moisture in the cooking compartment can escape.

Drying the cooking compartment by hand

1. Leave the appliance to cool down.
2. Remove any dirt from the cooking compartment.
3. Dry the cooking compartment with a soft cloth.
4. Leave the appliance door open for one hour so that the cooking compartment dries completely.







Meat thermometer

The meat thermometer makes accurate cooking possible. It measures the temperature inside the food. As soon as the set temperature is reached, the appliance switches off automatically.

Heating types

Not all heating types are suitable for operation with the meat thermometer.

If you have inserted the meat thermometer into the cooking compartment, the following heating types are available.

| | |
|---|------------------------|
|  | 4D hot air |
|  | Top/bottom heating |
|  | Hot air eco |
|  | Top/bottom heating eco |
|  | Hot air grilling |
|  | Pizza setting |

Notes

- The meat thermometer measures the temperature on the inside of the food between 30 °C and 99 °C.
- Use only the meat thermometer supplied. You can purchase it as a spare part from the after-sales service.
- After use, always remove the meat thermometer from the cooking compartment. Never store it inside the cooking compartment.

Warning – Risk of electric shock!

The insulation of an incompatible meat thermometer may be damaged. Only use the meat thermometer which is recommended for this appliance.

Cooking compartment temperature

To prevent damage to the meat thermometer, do not set temperatures higher than 250 °C.

The interior temperature set in the cooking compartment must be at least 10 °C higher than the core temperature that has been set.

Inserting the meat thermometer into the food

Before placing your food into the cooking compartment, insert the meat thermometer into the food.

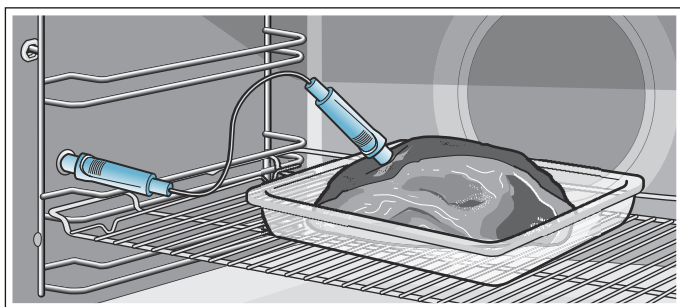
The meat thermometer has three measuring points. Ensure that the middle measuring point is inserted in the food.

Caution!

When you turn the microwave on, the tip of the meat thermometer must be inserted in the food.

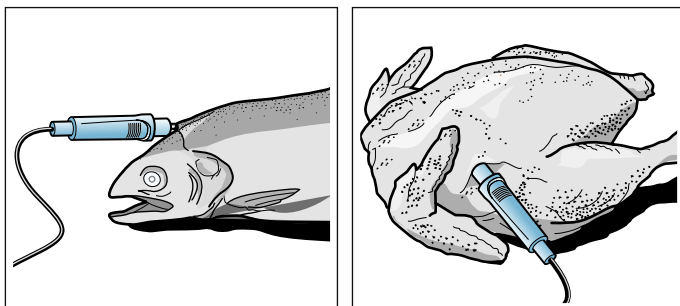
Meat: For large pieces of meat, insert the meat thermometer at an angle from above as far as it will go into the meat.

For relatively thin pieces of meat, insert the meat thermometer from the side at the thickest point.



Fish: Place the whole fish onto the wire rack and prop it up in the swimming position using half a potato. Insert the meat thermometer behind the head as far as it will go towards the bones in the middle of the fish.

Poultry: Insert the meat thermometer as far as it will go into the breast fillet at the shoulder from wing to wing.



Turning the food: If you wish to turn the food, do not remove the meat thermometer. Once you have turned the food, check that the meat thermometer is correctly positioned in the food.

If you remove the meat thermometer while the food is cooking, all settings will be reset and you will have to apply them again.

Caution!

Do not trap the meat thermometer's cable.

Do not use ovenware with a lid.

To prevent the meat thermometer from being damaged by excessive heat, there must be a gap of a few centimetres between the grill element and the meat thermometer. The meat may expand during the cooking process.

Setting the core temperature

The meat thermometer must be inserted into the socket on the left-hand side of the cooking compartment.

1. Touch the text field with the required type of heating. The default cooking compartment temperature is highlighted white in the display.
2. Use the rotary selector to set the cooking compartment temperature.
3. Touch the "Core temperature" text field. The default core temperature is highlighted white in the display.
4. Turn the rotary selector to set the core temperature.
5. Press the \triangleright Start/Stop button to start. The time on the display shows how long the operation has already been running. The appliance begins to heat up.

The core temperature is highlighted white in the display, with the current temperature on the left-hand side and the set temperature on the right-hand side, e.g. "15|80 °C". The heating line also refers to the core temperature.

Once the food reaches the core temperature, an audible signal sounds. The appliance stops heating. On the display, the current core temperature is equal to the set temperature, e.g. "80|80 °C". The time is paused.

Switch off the appliance using the ⓘ On/Off button and remove the meat thermometer from the socket.

⚠ Warning – Risk of burns!

The cooking compartment, accessories and meat thermometer become very hot. Always use oven gloves to remove hot accessories and the meat thermometer from the cooking compartment.

Changing

After starting the appliance, the core temperature is highlighted. When you move the rotary selector, the core temperature is changed and applied immediately.

If you want to change the cooking compartment temperature, touch the "Temperature" text field beforehand.

To change the type of heating, interrupt the operation beforehand using the \triangleright Start/Stop button.

Note: When you change the type of heating, the other settings are also reset.

Cancel

If you want to cancel the operation, remove the meat thermometer from the socket and the meat. You can continue the operation without a meat thermometer using the \triangleright Start/Stop button.

Core temperatures of different foods

Do not use frozen food. The figures in the table are given as a guide. They depend on the quality and composition of the food.

You can find comprehensive information on the heating mode and temperature at the end of the instruction manual. → *"Tested for you in our cooking studio"* on page 33

| Food | Core temperature in °C |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Poultry | |
| Chicken | 80-85 |
| Chicken breast | 75-80 |
| Duck | 80-85 |
| Duck breast, medium rare | 55-60 |
| Turkey | 80-85 |
| Turkey breast | 80-85 |
| Goose | 80-90 |
| Pork | |
| Shoulder of pork | 85-90 |
| Fillet of pork, medium rare | 62-70 |
| Loin of pork, well done | 72-80 |
| Beef | |
| Tenderloin or sirloin, rare | 45-52 |
| Tenderloin or sirloin, medium rare | 55-62 |
| Tenderloin or sirloin, well done | 65-75 |
| Veal | |
| Joint of veal or shoulder, lean | 75-80 |
| Joint of veal, shoulder | 75-80 |
| Knuckle of veal | 85-90 |
| Lamb | |
| Leg of lamb, medium rare | 60-65 |
| Leg of lamb, well done | 70-80 |
| Saddle of lamb, medium rare | 55-60 |
| Fish | |
| Whole fish | 65-70 |
| Fish fillet | 60-65 |
| Miscellaneous | |
| Meat loaf, all kinds of meat | 80-90 |
| Heating/reheating food | 65-75 |

Childproof lock

Your appliance is equipped with a childproof lock so that children cannot switch it on accidentally or change any settings.

The control panel is locked and no settings can be made. The appliance can only be switched off using the ⓘ On/Off button.

Activating and deactivating

You can activate and deactivate the childproof lock when the appliance is switched on or off.

In each case, press the ∞ field for approx. 4 seconds.

A confirmation note appears on the display.

The ∞ field lights up red when the appliance is switched on. The ∞ field does not light up when the appliance is switched off.

Basic settings


There are various settings available to you in order to help use your appliance effectively and simply. You can change these settings as required.

Changing the basic settings

The appliance must be switched on.


1. Touch the **menu** field.
The options for selecting an operating mode are displayed.
2. Touch the "Basic settings" text field.
The settings appear on the touch-screen displays.
3. Touch the text field with the required setting.
The red bar next to the text field identifies the setting that is currently selected.
Its corresponding value is shown on the display.
4. Turn the rotary selector to change the value as required.
5. Touch the text field for the next setting.
Its value is shown on the display and can be changed using the rotary selector.
6. Work through the settings and use the rotary selector to make changes as required.
To scroll through the settings, touch the "Further settings" text field.
7. Touch the **Menu** field to confirm.
A query is displayed asking whether the changes should be saved.
8. Touch the "Save" text field.
A message is shown on the display to confirm that the settings have been saved.

Cancelling

If you do not want to save the settings, touch the **Menu** field and then touch the "Do not save" text field. A message is shown on the display to confirm that the settings have not been saved. Switch off the appliance using the  On/Off button if you do not need to use it.

List of basic settings

Depending on the features of your appliance, not all basic settings are accessible.

| Setting | Options |
|--------------------|--|
| Language | Additional languages are possible. |
| Clock | Clock in 24-hour format |
| Factory settings | Restore Do not restore* |
| Audible signal | Short cooking time (30 sec.) Medium cooking time (1 min.)* Long cooking time (5 min.) |
| Volume | Scale with 5 levels |
| Button tone | Switched on Switched off* (tone remains for  On/Off) |
| Display brightness | 5 levels |

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Clock display | Off Digital* Analogue |
| Lighting | Off during operation On during operation* |
| Automatic continue | Do not continue automatically* When closing the door (Only applicable for the Microwave operating mode) |
| Childproof lock | Button lock only* Door lock and button lock |
| Operation after switching on | Main menu Types of heating* Microwave MicroCombi Assist |
| Night-time darkening | Switched off* Switched on |
| Brand logo | Display* Do not display |
| Fan run-on time | Recommended* Minimum |
| Sabbath mode | Switched on Switched off* |

* Factory setting (factory settings may vary depending on the appliance model)

Note: Changes to the language, button tone and display brightness settings take effect immediately. All other changes take effect after the settings have been changed.

Power cut

The changes you make to the settings are saved even after a power cut.

You only have to reset the settings for the initial use following a long-term power cut. The appliance can bridge a short-term power cut.

Changing the time

If you want to change the time, for example from summer to winter time, you must change the basic setting.

The appliance must be switched on.

1. Touch the **Menu** field.
The options for selecting an operating mode are displayed.
2. Touch the "Basic settings" text field.
The settings appear on the touch-screen displays.
3. Touch the "Clock" text field.
The time appears on the display.
4. Turn the rotary selector to change the time.
5. Touch the **Menu** field to confirm.
A query is displayed asking whether the changes should be saved.
6. Touch the "Save" text field.
A message is shown on the display to confirm that the settings have been saved.



Sabbath mode

With the Sabbath mode, a cooking time of up to 74 hours can be set. You can keep the food in the cooking compartment warm without having to switch the oven on or off.

Starting Sabbath mode

Before you are able to use the Sabbath mode, you must activate it in the basic settings. → *"Basic settings"* on page 24

When the basic setting has been changed accordingly, Sabbath mode is listed with the types of heating as the last type of heating.

The appliance heats up with top/bottom heating. You can set a temperature between 85 °C and 140 °C.

The "Types of heating" operating mode must be selected. The selection list for the types of heating appears on the touch-screen displays.

1. Touch the "Sabbath mode" text field.
The default temperature is highlighted white in the display.
2. Set the required temperature using the rotary selector.
3. Before starting the operation, touch the "Cooking time" text field.
The default cooking time is highlighted white in the display.
4. Set the required cooking time using the rotary selector.
Note: The end time is calculated automatically but cannot be changed.
5. Press the ▷ Start/Stop button to start.
The cooking time counts down on the display.
The appliance begins to heat up.

When the cooking time for Sabbath mode has ended, an audible signal sounds. The appliance stops heating. The cooking time 00 m 00 s is shown on the display.

Press the Ⓜ On/Off button to switch off the appliance.

Note: The operation is not interrupted if you open the appliance door.

Changing and cancelling

After starting the appliance, the settings can no longer be changed.

If you would like to cancel Sabbath mode, switch the appliance off using the Ⓜ On/Off button. You can no longer pause the operation using the ▷ Start/Stop button.



Cleaning agent

With good care and cleaning, your appliance will retain its appearance and remain fully functioning for a long time to come. We will explain here how you should correctly care for and clean your appliance.

Suitable cleaning agents

To ensure that the different surfaces are not damaged by using the wrong cleaning agent, observe the information in the table. Depending on the appliance model, not all of the areas listed may be on/in your appliance.

Caution!

Risk of surface damage

Do not use:

- Harsh or abrasive cleaning agents,
- Cleaning agents with a high alcohol content,
- Hard scouring pads or cleaning sponges,
- High-pressure cleaners or steam cleaners,
- Special cleaners for cleaning the appliance while it is hot.

Wash new sponge cloths thoroughly before use.

Tip: Highly recommended cleaning and care products can be purchased through the after-sales service. Observe the respective manufacturer's instructions.

⚠ Warning – Risk of burns!

The appliance becomes very hot. Never touch the interior surfaces of the cooking compartment or the heating elements. Always allow the appliance to cool down. Keep children at a safe distance.

| Area | Cleaning |
|---------------------------|--|
| Appliance exterior | |
| Stainless steel front | Hot soapy water: Clean with a dish cloth and then dry with a soft cloth. Remove flecks of limescale, grease, starch and albumin (e.g. egg white) immediately. Corrosion can form under such flecks. Special stainless steel cleaning products suitable for hot surfaces are available from our after-sales service or from specialist retailers. Apply a very thin layer of the cleaning product with a soft cloth. |
| Plastic | Hot soapy water: Clean with a dish cloth and then dry with a soft cloth. Do not use glass cleaner or a glass scraper. |
| Painted surfaces | Hot soapy water: Clean with a dish cloth and then dry with a soft cloth. |
| Control panel | Hot soapy water: Clean with a dish cloth and then dry with a soft cloth. Do not use glass cleaner or a glass scraper. |

| | |
|-------------|--|
| Door panels | Hot soapy water: Clean with a dish cloth and then dry with a soft cloth. Do not use a glass scraper or a stainless steel scouring pad. |
| Door handle | Hot soapy water: Clean with a dish cloth and then dry with a soft cloth. If descaler comes into contact with the door handle, wipe it off immediately. Otherwise, any stains will not be able to be removed. |

Appliance interior

| | |
|--|--|
| Enamel surfaces and self-cleaning surfaces | Observe the instructions for the surfaces of the cooking compartment that follow the table. |
| Glass cover for the interior lighting | Hot soapy water: Clean with a dish cloth and then dry with a soft cloth. If the cooking compartment is heavily soiled, use oven cleaner. |
| Door seal Do not remove. | Hot soapy water: Clean with a dish cloth. Do not scour. |
| Stainless steel door cover | Stainless steel cleaner: Observe the manufacturer's instructions. Do not use stainless steel care products. Remove the door cover for cleaning. |
| Stainless steel interior door frame | Stainless steel cleaner: Observe the manufacturer's instructions. This can be used to remove discolouration. Do not use stainless steel care products. |
| Rails | Hot soapy water: Soak and clean with a dish cloth or brush. |
| Pull-out system | Hot soapy water: Clean with a dish cloth or a brush. Do not remove the lubricant while the pull-out rails are pulled out – it is best to clean them when they are pushed in. Do not clean in the dishwasher. |
| Accessories | Hot soapy water: Soak and clean with a dish cloth or brush. If there are heavy deposits of dirt, use a stainless steel scouring pad. |
| Meat thermometer | Hot soapy water: Clean with a dish cloth or a brush. Do not clean in the dishwasher. |

Notes

- Slight differences in colour on the front of the appliance are caused by the use of different materials, such as glass, plastic and metal.
- Shadows on the door panels, which look like streaks, are caused by reflections made by the interior lighting.
- Enamel is baked on at very high temperatures. This can cause some slight colour variation. This is normal and does not affect operation.
The edges of thin trays cannot be completely enamelled. As a result, these edges can be rough. This does not impair the anti-corrosion protection.

Surfaces in the cooking compartment

The back wall in the cooking compartment is self-cleaning. You can tell this from the rough surface.

The base, ceiling and side panel are enamelled and have smooth surfaces.

Cleaning enamelled surfaces

Clean the smooth enamelled surfaces with a dish cloth and hot soapy water or a vinegar solution. Then dry with a soft cloth.

Soften baked-on food residues with a damp cloth and soapy water. Use stainless steel wire wool or oven cleaner to remove stubborn dirt.

Leave the cooking compartment open to dry after cleaning.

Note: Food residues can cause white deposits to form. These are harmless and do not affect how the appliance works. You can remove these residues using lemon juice if required.

Cleaning self-cleaning surfaces

The self-cleaning surfaces are coated with a porous, matte ceramic layer. This coating absorbs and dispels splashes from baking and roasting while the appliance is in operation.

If the self-cleaning surfaces no longer clean themselves sufficiently and dark stains appear, they can be cleaned using targeted heating.

Making settings

Remove the rails, pull-out shelves, accessories and ovenware from the cooking compartment beforehand. Thoroughly clean the smooth enamel surfaces in the cooking compartment, the inside of the appliance door and the glass cover on the interior lighting.

1. Set the 4D hot air type of heating.
2. Set the maximum temperature.
3. Start the mode and leave it to run for at least one hour.

The ceramic coating is regenerated.

When the cooking compartment has cooled down, remove the brown or white residue with water and a soft sponge.

Note: During operation, reddish spots form on the surfaces. This is not rust, but residues from food. These spots are not harmful and do not restrict the cleaning ability of the self-cleaning surfaces.

Caution!

Do not use oven cleaner on the self-cleaning surfaces. This will damage the surfaces. If oven cleaner does get onto these surfaces, dab it off immediately using water and a sponge cloth. Do not rub the surface and do not use abrasive cleaning aids.

Keeping the appliance clean

Always keep the appliance clean and remove dirt immediately so that stubborn deposits of dirt do not build up.

Tips

- Clean the cooking compartment after each use. This will ensure that dirt cannot be baked on.
- Always remove flecks of limescale, grease, starch and albumin (e.g. egg white) immediately.
- Use the universal pan for baking very moist cakes.
- Use suitable ovenware for roasting, e.g. a roasting dish.

Rails

With good care and cleaning, your appliance will retain its appearance and remain fully functional for a long time to come. This will tell you how to remove the shelves and clean them.

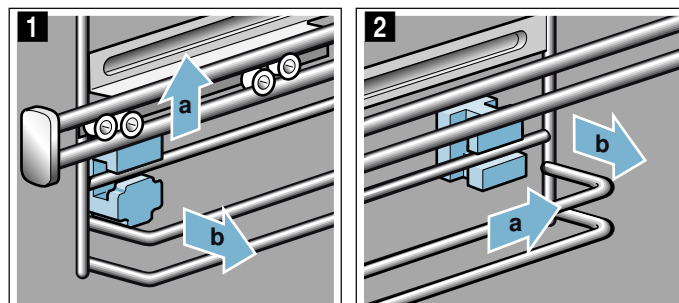
Detaching and refitting the rails

Warning – Risk of burns!

The rails become very hot. Never touch the hot rails. Always allow the appliance to cool down. Keep children away from the appliance.

Detaching the rails

1. Push the front rail forwards and up **a** and detach it **b** (fig. **1**).
2. Then move the whole rail slightly to the rear **a** and remove it **b** (fig. **2**).

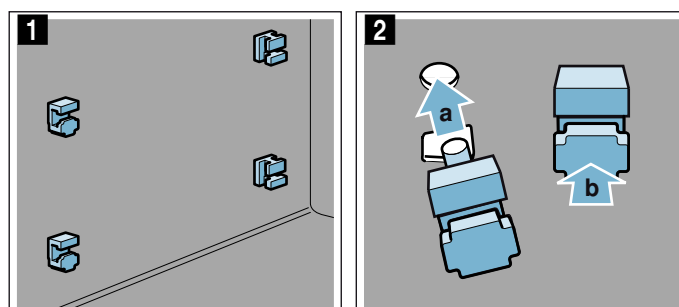


Clean the rails with cleaning agent and a sponge. For stubborn deposits of dirt, use a brush.

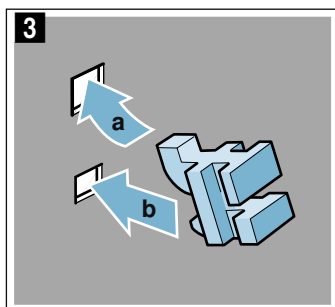
Inserting the holders

If the holders fall out when you remove the rails, these must be re-inserted.

1. The holders at the front differ from those at the rear (fig. **1**).
2. Use the hook to mount the front holder at the top into the round hole **a**, set it at a slight incline, attach it at the bottom, and straighten it **b** (fig. **2**).



3. Use the hook to attach the rear holder into the upper hole **a** and push it into the lower hole **b** (fig. **3**).

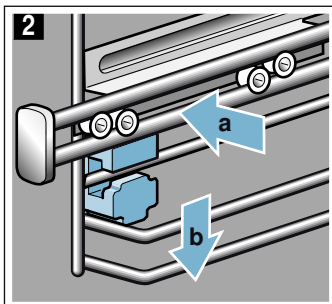
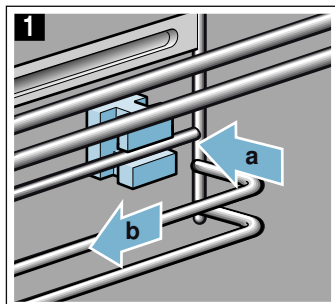


Attaching the rails

When hanging the rails, ensure that the sloping edge is at the top of the rail.

The rails only fit on the right or the left side. The pull-out rails must pull out forwards.

1. Mount the rear of the frame at the top and bottom **a** and pull it forwards **b** (fig. **1**).
2. Then insert it at the front **a** and push it down **b** (fig. **2**).



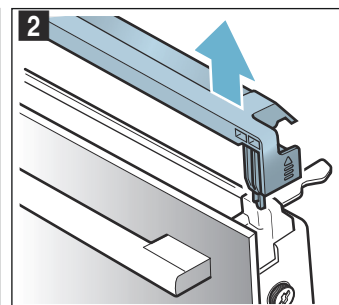
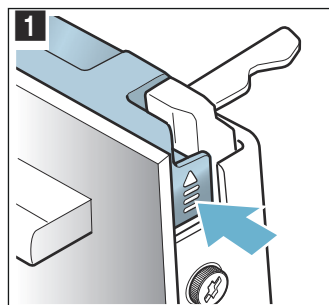
Appliance door

With good care and cleaning, your appliance will retain its appearance and remain fully functional for a long time to come. This will tell you how to clean the appliance door.

Removing the door cover

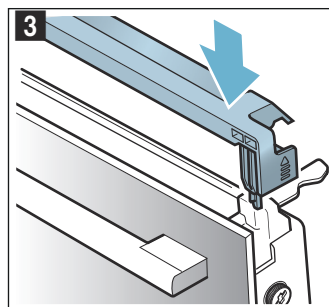
The stainless-steel inlay in the door cover may become discoloured. To carry out thorough cleaning, you can remove the cover.

1. Open the appliance door slightly.
2. Press on the right and left side of the cover (fig. **1**).
3. Remove the cover (fig. **2**).
Close the appliance door carefully



Note: Clean the stainless-steel inlay in the cover with a stainless-steel cleaning agent. Clean the rest of the door cover with soapy water and a soft cloth.

4. Open the appliance door again slightly. Put the cover back in place and press on it until it clicks audibly into place (fig. **3**).



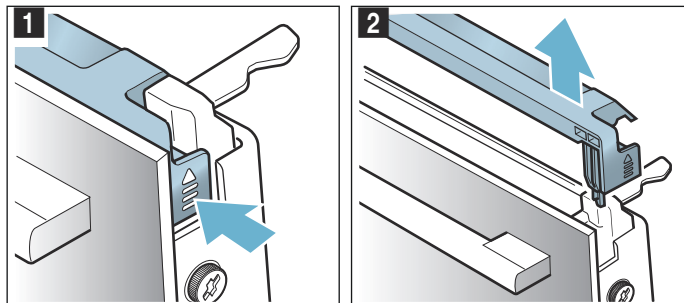
5. Close the appliance door.

Removing and fitting the door panels

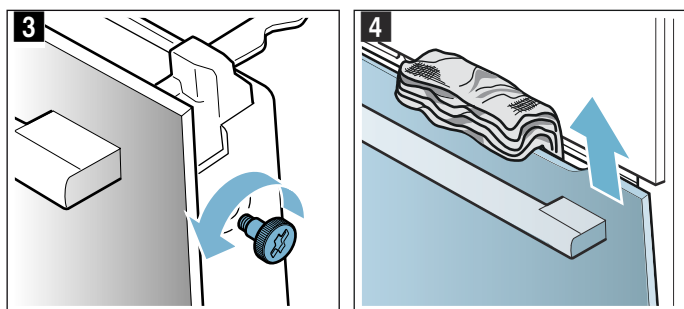
To facilitate cleaning, you can remove the glass panels from the appliance door.

Removing the door panels from the appliance

1. Open the appliance door slightly.
2. Press on the right and left side of the cover (fig. 1).
3. Remove the cover (fig. 2).



4. Undo and remove the screws on the left and right of the appliance door (fig. 3).
5. Before closing the door again, trap a tea towel that has been folded several times in the door (fig. 4). Pull out the front panel upwards and lay it on a flat surface with the door handle facing downwards.

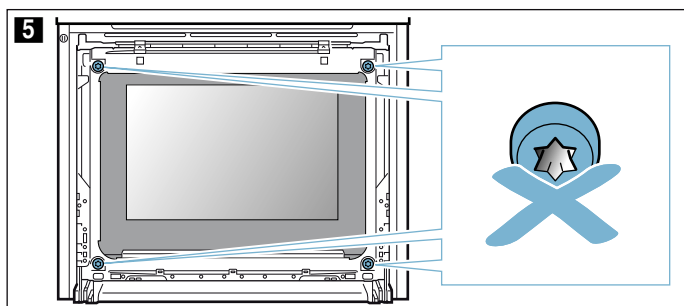


Clean the panels with glass cleaner and a soft cloth.

Warning – Risk of serious damage to health!

If the screws are loosened, the safety of the appliance can no longer be guaranteed. Microwave energy may escape. Never loosen the screws.

Do not unscrew the four black screws on the frame (fig. 5).



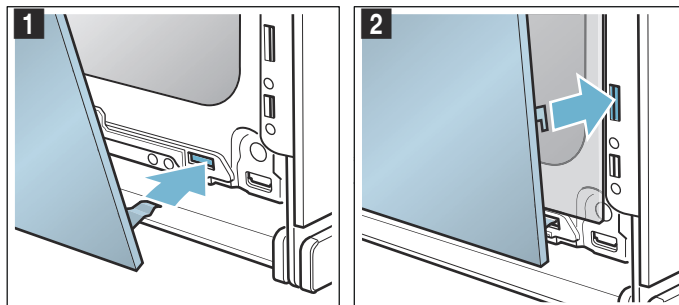
Warning

Risk of injury!

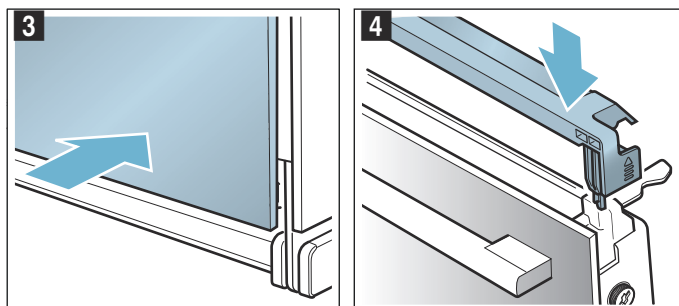
- Scratched glass in the appliance door may develop into a crack. Do not use a glass scraper, sharp or abrasive cleaning aids or detergents.
- The hinges on the appliance door move when opening and closing the door, and you may be trapped. Keep your hands away from the hinges.

Fitting the door panels on the appliance

1. Insert the front panel downwards into the retainers (fig. 1).
2. Close the front panel until both upper hooks are opposite the opening (fig. 2).



3. Press the front panel down until it clicks audibly into place (fig. 3).
4. Open the appliance door again slightly and remove the tea towel.
5. Screw both screws back in on the left and right.
6. Put the cover back in place and press on it until it clicks audibly into place (fig. 4).



7. Close the appliance door.

Caution!

Do not use the cooking compartment again until the panels have been correctly fitted.


Trouble shooting

If a fault occurs, there is often a simple explanation. Before calling the after-sales service, please refer to the fault table and attempt to correct the fault yourself.

Rectifying faults yourself

You can often easily rectify technical faults on the appliance yourself.


If a dish does not turn out exactly as you wanted, you can find many tips and instructions for preparation at the end of the operating manual. → "Tested for you in our cooking studio" on page 33

| Fault | Possible cause | Notes/remedy |
|---|---|--|
| The appliance does not work. | Faulty fuse. | Check the circuit breaker in the fuse box. |
| | Power cut | Check whether the kitchen light or other kitchen appliances are working. |
| "Sprache Deutsch" appears on the display. | Power cut | Reset the language and the time. |
| The time does not appear when the appliance is switched off. | Basic setting is changed. | Change the basic setting for the clock display. |
| The appliance does not heat up; the  symbol lights up on the display. | Demo mode is activated in the basic settings. | Briefly disconnect the appliance from the mains (switch off the circuit breaker in the fuse box) and then deactivate demo mode in the basic settings within 3 minutes. |
| The appliance will not start and "Cooking compartment too hot" appears on the display | The cooking compartment is too hot for the selected dish or type of heating | Allow the cooking compartment to cool down and start again |
| The rotary selector has fallen out of the support in the control panel. | The rotary selector has been accidentally disengaged. | The rotary selector can be removed. Simply place the rotary selector back in its support in the control panel and push it in so that it engages and can be turned as usual. |
| The rotary selector can no longer be turned easily. | There is dirt under the rotary selector. | The rotary selector can be removed. To disengage the rotary selector, simply remove it from the support. Alternatively, press on the outer edge of the rotary selector so that it tips and can be picked up easily. Carefully clean the rotary selector and its support on the appliance using a cloth and soapy water. Dry with a soft cloth. Do not use any sharp or abrasive materials. Do not soak or clean in the dishwasher. Do not remove the rotary selector too often so that the support remains stable. |

Warning – Risk of electric shock!

Incorrect repairs are dangerous. Repairs may only be carried out and damaged power cables replaced by one of our trained after-sales technicians. If the appliance is defective, unplug the appliance from the mains or switch off the circuit breaker in the fuse box. Contact the after-sales service.

Error messages on the display

When an error message appears on the display with "D" or "E", e.g. D0111 or E0111, switch the appliance off and on again using the  On/Off button.

If it was a one-off error, the display goes out. If the error message appears again, call the after-sales service and quote the exact error message.

Maximum operating time


If you do not change the settings on your appliance for several hours, the appliance stops heating up automatically. This prevents unwanted continuous operation.

The respective settings for the operating mode govern when the maximum operating time is reached.

Maximum operating time reached

A note appears on the display confirming that the maximum operating time has been reached.

To continue operation, touch any field or turn the rotary selector.

Switch the appliance off using the  On/Off button if you do not need to use it.

Tip: Set a cooking time so that the appliance does not switch off when you do not want it to, e.g. with an extremely long preparation time. The appliance heats up until the set cooking time has elapsed.

Cooking compartment bulbs

To light the interior of your cooking compartment, your appliance has one or more long-life LED bulbs.

However, if ever an LED bulb or the bulb's glass cover is defective, call the after-sales service. The lamp cover must not be removed.

Customer service

Our after-sales service is there for you if your appliance needs to be repaired. We will always find an appropriate solution, also in order to avoid after-sales personnel having to make unnecessary visits.

E number and FD number

When calling us, please give the full product number (E no.) and the production number (FD no.) so that we can provide you with the correct advice. The rating plate bearing these numbers can be found when you open the appliance door.

The diagram shows a rectangular rating plate with a grid of small squares. It contains the following labels and fields:

- E-Nr.:** A field with 12 small squares for the product number.
- FD:** A field with 4 small squares for the production number.
- Z-Nr.:** A field with 4 small squares for the serial number.
- Type:** A field with 8 small squares for the appliance type.

To save time, you can make a note of the number of your appliance and the telephone number of the after-sales service in the space below, should it be required.

| | | | |
|------------------------------|--|---------------|--|
| E no. | | FD no. | |
| After-sales service ☎ | | | |

Please note that a visit from an after-sales service engineer is not free of charge, even during the warranty period.

Please find the contact data of all countries in the enclosed customer service list.

To book an engineer visit and product advice

GB 0344 892 8979
Calls charged at local or mobile rate.

IE 01450 2655
0.03 € per minute at peak. Off peak 0.0088 € per minute.

Rely on the professionalism of the manufacturer. You can therefore be sure that the repair is carried out by trained service technicians who carry original spare parts for your appliances.

Dishes

You can use the "Assist" operating mode to prepare a wide variety of food. The appliance selects the optimal settings for you.

To achieve good results, the cooking compartment must not be too hot for the type of food you have selected. If it is, a message will appear on the display. Allow the cooking compartment to cool down and start again.

Information on the settings

- The cooking result depends on the quality of the food and the size and type of cookware. For an optimal cooking result, use food that is in good condition and chilled meat only. For frozen food, use food straight out of the freezer only.
- For some food, a temperature, heating mode and cooking time is suggested. The temperature and the cooking time can be changed according to your requirements.
- For other dishes, you will be asked to enter the weight. Always enter the total weight unless the appliance asks for something different. The appliance will then apply the time and temperature settings for you.
It is not possible to set weights outside of the intended weight range.
- When roasting dishes for which the appliance will apply the temperature selection for you, temperatures of up to 300 °C can be saved. Therefore, make sure that you use cookware that is sufficiently heat resistant.
- Information is provided, e.g. on cookware, shelf position or the addition of liquid when cooking meat. Some food requires turning or stirring, etc., during cooking. This is shown in the display shortly after operation starts. An audible signal will remind you at the right time.
- Information on the right kind of cookware to use and tips and tricks for the preparation can be found at the end of the instruction manual. → "Tested for you in our cooking studio" on page 33

Microwave

For some food, the microwave is automatically activated. Using the microwave significantly reduces cooking time – cooking time is virtually cut in half. The appliance instructs you to use cookware that is suitable for the microwave. The "Microwave" section provides information on the type of cookware that is suitable.
→ "Microwave" on page 19

Meat thermometer

For some food, you can also use the meat thermometer. Once you have inserted the meat thermometer into the appliance, the food that is suitable for it will be displayed. You can change the interior temperature of the cooking compartment and the core temperature. → "Meat thermometer" on page 21

Selecting a dish

The dishes are arranged in a uniform structure:

- Category
- Food
- Dish

The following table lists the categories with the corresponding food. One or more dishes are listed beside each food.

| Categories | Food |
|-------------------------|---|
| Cakes, bread | Cake |
| | Small baked items |
| | Biscuits |
| | Bread, bread rolls |
| | Savoury cakes, pizza, quiches |
| Bakes, soufflés | Bake, savoury, fresh, cooked ingredients |
| | Lasagne, fresh |
| | Potato gratin, raw ingredients, 4 cm deep |
| | Bake, sweet, fresh |
| | Soufflé in individual moulds |
| Frozen products | Pizza |
| | Bread rolls |
| | Bakes |
| | Potato products |
| | Poultry, fish |
| Poultry | Chicken |
| | Duck, goose |
| | Turkey |
| Meat | Pork |
| | Beef |
| | Veal |
| | Lamb |
| | Game |
| | Meat dishes |
| Fish | Fish |
| | Fish fillets |
| Side dishes, vegetables | Vegetables |
| | Potatoes |
| | Rice |
| | Cereals |
| Defrosting food | Bread, bread rolls |
| | Cake |
| | Meat, poultry |
| | Fish |

Baking sensor

Your appliance is equipped with a baking sensor. This sensor is automatically activated when you select a corresponding baked item from the following categories in the selection list.

| Category | Food | Dishes |
|--------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| Cakes, bread | Cake | Cakes in tins |
| | | Cakes on trays |
| | | Pies/tarts |
| | Small baked items | Puff pastry |
| | | Muffins |
| | | Leavened cake |
| | Bread, bread rolls | Bread rolls |
| | | Bread |
| | | Flatbread |
| | Savoury cakes, pizza, quiches | Savoury cakes, quiches |
| | | Pizza |
| | | Savoury flan |

The appliance now takes over. The appliance switches off once the baked item is cooked. A signal sounds. The cooking time is roughly the same as that listed in the recipe for your baked item and is not displayed. The oven sensor can only be started from the cooled oven.

No other baking categories are monitored by the baking sensor. Here you will be offered a tried and tested setting with customisation options.


Dark-coloured metal baking tins are suitable. Do not use any silicone bakeware or accessories that contain silicone. Otherwise, the baking sensor will be damaged.

The baking sensor is active while "Do not open door" is shown on the display. Do not open the appliance door; otherwise, the settings are cancelled. The appliance continues to heat up and you can adjust the suggested time. You must monitor the process yourself.


Applying settings for dishes

You will be guided through the entire setting process for your chosen food.

Use the rotary selector to scroll through the individual levels.

1. Touch the **Menu** field.
The list of operating modes are displayed.
2. Touch the "Assist" text field.
The categories are displayed.
3. Touch the required category.
The foods in this category are displayed.
4. Touch the required food.
The individual dishes are displayed.
5. Touch the required dish.
The settings for this dish appear on the display. For many dishes, you can change the settings to suit your needs.
For some dishes, you must set the weight instead.
6. Press the  Start/Stop button to start.
The cooking time counts down on the display.
The appliance begins to heat up.

Once the cooking time has elapsed, an audible signal sounds. The appliance stops heating.

When your dish is ready, switch off the appliance using the  On/Off button.

Continue cooking

After the cooking time has ended, you can leave some dishes to continue cooking if you are not satisfied with the cooking result.

A query appears on the display, which asks if you want to continue cooking. If you want to continue cooking, touch the "Extend cooking time" text field. A cooking time is suggested, which can be changed. Press the ▷ Start/Stop button to start.

Note: You can extend the cooking time as often as required.

If you are satisfied with the cooking result, touch the "Finish" text field.

Press the ⓘ On/Off button to switch off the appliance.

Setting a later end time

You can set a later end time for some dishes. Before starting the appliance, touch the "End" text field and set a later end time using the rotary selector.

The appliance switches to standby after it is started. The end time can no longer be changed.

Changing and cancelling

After starting the appliance, the settings can no longer be changed.

If you would like to cancel the operation, switch the appliance off using the ⓘ On/Off button. You can no longer pause the operation using the ▷ Start/Stop button.



Tested for you in our cooking studio

Here, you can find a selection of dishes and the ideal settings for them. We will show you which type of heating and temperature are best suited to your dish. You will get information on suitable cooking accessories and the height at which they should be placed in the oven. You will also get tips about cookware and preparation methods.

Note: A lot of steam can build up in the cooking compartment when cooking food. Your appliance is very energy-efficient and radiates very little heat to its surroundings during operation. Due to the high difference in temperature between the appliance interior and the external parts of the appliance, condensation may build up on the door, control panel or adjacent kitchen cabinet panels. This is a normal physical phenomenon. Condensation can be reduced by preheating the oven or opening the door carefully.

Do not use silicone moulds

For the best cooking results, we recommend dark-coloured metal baking tins/dishes.

Caution!

Do not use any silicone baking moulds or accessories that contain silicone or films. The oven sensor may be damaged. Even if the oven sensor is not being used, it may still be damaged.

Cakes and small baked items

Your appliance offers you a range of heating types for the preparation of cakes and small baked items. You can find the ideal settings for many dishes in the settings tables.

Also refer to the notes in the section on allowing dough to rise.

Only use original accessories supplied with your appliance. These have been tailored to the cooking compartment and the operating modes of your appliance.

Baking in combination with a microwave

If you bake in combination with a microwave, you can reduce the cooking time considerably.

Always use heat-resistant cookware that is suitable for use in microwaves. Observe the notes on cookware suitable for microwaves. → "Microwave" on page 19

In combined operation, you can use conventional baking tins made from metal. If sparks form between the baking tin and the wire rack, check whether the baking tin is clean on the outside. Change the position of the baking tin on the wire rack. If this does not help, continue baking without the microwave. The baking time will be extended.

If you use baking tins/dishes made from plastic, ceramic or glass, the baking time indicated in the settings tables will be reduced. The cake will not brown as much underneath.

Baking in combination with a microwave is only possible on one level.

Shelf positions

Use the indicated shelf positions.

Baking on one level

When baking on one level, use the following shelf positions:

- Tall baked items: Level 2
- Flat baked items: Level 3

If you are using 4D Hot air as the type of heating, you can choose between levels 1, 2, 3 and 4.

Baking on several levels

Use 4D hot air. Baked items that are placed into the oven on trays or in baking tins/dishes at the same time will not necessarily be ready at the same time.

Baking on two levels:

- Universal pan: Level 3
Baking tray: Level 1
- Baking tins/dishes on the wire rack
First wire rack: Level 3
Second wire rack: Level 1

Baking on three levels:

- Baking tray: Level 5
Universal pan: Level 3
Baking tray: Level 1

Baking on four levels:

- 4 wire racks with greaseproof paper
First wire rack: Level 5
Second wire rack: Level 3
Third wire rack: Level 2
Fourth wire rack: Level 1

By preparing several dishes at the same time, you can make energy savings of up to 45 per cent. Position baking tins/dishes next to one another or offset and vertically stacked in the cooking compartment.

Accessories

Ensure that you always use suitable accessories and that they are placed in the oven the right way around.

Wire rack

Slide the wire rack in with the imprint "Microwave" facing the appliance door, and the outer rail facing downwards.

Universal pan or baking tray

Slide the universal pan or the baking tray in carefully as far as the limit stop with the bevelled edge facing the appliance door.

When baking moist cakes or pastries with many toppings, use the universal pan so that any excess liquid does not overflow and make the cooking compartment dirty.

Baking tins

Dark- coloured metal baking tins are most suitable.

Tinplate baking tins, ceramic dishes and glass dishes extend baking time and mean that the baked item will not brown evenly. If you wish to bake using these baking tins/dishes and using top/bottom heating, slide in the tin/dish at level 1.

Greaseproof paper

Only use greaseproof paper that is suitable for the selected temperature. Always cut greaseproof paper to size.

Recommended setting values

You can find the ideal heating type for various pastries in the table. The temperature and baking time are dependent on the quantity and composition of the dough. Different settings ranges are indicated for this reason. Try using the lower values at first. A lower temperature results in more even browning. If necessary, use a higher setting the next time.

Note: Baking times can not be reduced by using higher temperatures. Cakes or small baked items would only be cooked on the outside, and would not be fully baked in the middle.



The setting values apply to dishes placed into a cold cooking compartment. By doing so, you can make energy savings of up to 20 per cent. If you preheat the oven, you can reduce the indicated baking times by several minutes.

















Preheating is necessary for selected dishes, and this is indicated in the table.

If you wish to follow one of your own recipes when baking, you should use a similar baked item in the table as a reference. You can find additional information in the tips on baking attached to the settings table.

















Remove unused accessories from the cooking compartment. This will achieve the best possible cooking results and energy savings of up to 20 per cent.

Types of heating used:

■  4D hot air■  Top/bottom heating
■  Pizza setting

| Dish | Accessories/cookware | Shelf position | Type of heating | Temperature in °C | MW power in watts | Cooking time in mins. |
|---|-------------------------------------|----------------|---|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Cakes in tins | | | | | | |
| Sponge cake, simple | Ring tin/cake tin | 2 |  | 150-170 | - | 50-70 |
| Sponge cake, simple | Ring tin/cake tin | 2 |  | 160-180 | 90 | 30-40 |
| Sponge cake, simple, 2 levels | Ring tin/cake tin | 3+1 |  | 140-150 | - | 60-80 |
| Sponge cake, delicate | Ring tin/cake tin | 2 |  | 150-170 | - | 60-80 |
| Fruit flan made from sponge mixture, delicate | Ring cake tin | 2 |  | 160-180 | - | 40-60 |
| Fruit flan made from sponge mixture, delicate | Ring cake tin | 2 |  | 160-180 | 90 | 35-45 |
| Sponge flan base | Flan base tin | 3 |  | 160-180 | - | 20-30 |
| Fruit tart or cheesecake with short-crust pastry base | Springform cake tin, diameter 26 cm | 2 |  | 150-170 | - | 65-85 |
| Fruit tart or cheesecake with short-crust pastry base | Springform cake tin, diameter 26 cm | 2 |  | 160-180 | 180 | 30-40 |
| | | | | 100 | - | 20 |
| Swiss flan | Pizza tray | 3 |  | 170-190 | - | 45-55 |
| Tart | Flan-base cake tin, black | 3 |  | 190-210 | - | 25-40 |
| Bundt yeast cake | Ring cake tin | 2 |  | 150-170 | - | 50-70 |
| Yeast cake in springform cake tin | Springform cake tin, diameter 28 cm | 2 |  | 160-170 | - | 20-30 |
| Sponge base, 2 eggs | Flan base tin | 2 |  | 150-170* | - | 20-30 |
| Sponge flan, 3 eggs | Springform cake tin, diameter 26 cm | 2 |  | 160-170* | - | 25-35 |
| Sponge flan, 6 eggs | Springform cake tin, diameter 28 cm | 2 |  | 150-170* | - | 30-50 |

Cakes on baking trays













| | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------|-----|---|----------|----|-------|
| Sponge cake with topping | Baking tray | 3 |  | 160-180 | - | 20-40 |
| Sponge cake, 2 levels | Universal pan + baking tray | 3+1 |  | 140-160 | - | 30-50 |
| Shortcrust tart with dry topping | Baking tray | 3 |  | 170-190 | - | 25-35 |
| Shortcrust tart with dry topping, 2 levels | Universal pan + baking tray | 3+1 |  | 160-170 | - | 35-45 |
| Shortcrust tart with moist topping | Universal pan | 3 |  | 160-180 | - | 55-75 |
| Swiss flan | Universal pan | 3 |  | 170-190 | - | 45-55 |
| Yeast cake with dry topping | Universal pan | 3 |  | 160-180* | - | 15-25 |
| Yeast cake with dry topping, 2 levels | Universal pan + baking tray | 3+1 |  | 150-170 | - | 20-30 |
| Yeast cake with moist topping | Universal pan | 3 |  | 180-200 | - | 30-40 |
| Yeast cake with moist topping, 2 levels | Universal pan + baking tray | 3+1 |  | 150-170 | - | 45-60 |
| Plaited loaf, savarin | Baking tray | 2 |  | 160-170 | - | 25-35 |
| Swiss roll | Baking tray | 3 |  | 180-190* | - | 15-20 |
| Stollen with 500 g flour | Baking tray | 2 |  | 150-170 | - | 45-60 |
| Strudel, sweet | Universal pan | 2 |  | 170-180 | - | 50-60 |
| Strudel, frozen | Universal pan | 3 |  | 200-220 | - | 35-45 |
| Strudel, frozen | Universal pan | 3 |  | 200-220 | 90 | 20-25 |

Small baked items









| | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------------|---|---|-------|---|-------|
| Small cakes | Baking tray | 3 |  | 160** | - | 20-30 |
| Small cakes | Baking tray | 3 |  | 150** | - | 25-35 |

* Preheat

** Preheat for 5 mins., do not use quick heat function

| Dish | Accessories/cookware | Shelf position | Type of heating | Temperature in °C | MW power in watts | Cooking time in mins. |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|--|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Small cakes, 2 levels | Universal pan + baking tray | 3+1 |  | 150** | - | 25-35 |
| Small cakes, 3 levels | Baking trays + universal pan | 5+3+1 |  | 140** | - | 35-45 |
| Muffins | Muffin tray | 3 |  | 170-190 | - | 15-20 |
| Muffins, 2 levels | Muffin tray | 3+1 |  | 160-180* | - | 15-30 |
| Small yeast cakes | Baking tray | 3 |  | 160-180 | - | 25-40 |
| Small yeast cakes, 2 levels | Universal pan + baking tray | 3+1 |  | 150-170 | - | 25-40 |
| Puff pastry | Baking tray | 3 |  | 170-190* | - | 20-35 |
| Puff pastry, 2 levels | Universal pan + baking tray | 3+1 |  | 170-190* | - | 20-45 |
| Puff pastry, 3 levels | Baking trays + universal pan | 5+3+1 |  | 170-190* | - | 20-45 |
| Puff pastry, flat, 4 levels | 4 wire racks | 5+3+2+1 |  | 180-200* | - | 20-35 |
| Choux pastry | Baking tray | 3 |  | 200-220 | - | 30-40 |
| Choux pastry, 2 levels | Universal pan + baking tray | 3+1 |  | 190-210 | - | 35-45 |
| Danish pastry | Baking tray | 3 |  | 160-180 | - | 20-30 |

Biscuits

| | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------------------|-------|--|-----------|---|---------|
| Whirls | Baking tray | 3 |  | 140-150** | - | 25-40 |
| Whirls | Baking tray | 3 |  | 140-150** | - | 25-40 |
| Whirls, 2 levels | Universal pan + baking tray | 3+1 |  | 140-150** | - | 30-40 |
| Whirls, 3 levels | Baking trays + universal pan | 5+3+1 |  | 130-140** | - | 35-55 |
| Biscuits | Baking tray | 3 |  | 140-160 | - | 15-30 |
| Biscuits, 2 levels | Universal pan + baking tray | 3+1 |  | 140-160 | - | 15-30 |
| Biscuits, 3 levels | Baking trays + universal pan | 5+3+1 |  | 140-160 | - | 15-30 |
| Meringue | Baking tray | 3 |  | 80-90* | - | 120-150 |
| Meringue, 2 levels | Universal pan + baking tray | 3+1 |  | 80-90* | - | 120-180 |
| Macaroons | Baking tray | 3 |  | 90-110 | - | 20-40 |
| Macaroons, 2 levels | Universal pan + baking tray | 3+1 |  | 90-110 | - | 25-45 |
| Macaroons, 3 levels | Baking trays + universal pan | 5+3+1 |  | 90-110 | - | 30-45 |

* Preheat

** Preheat for 5 mins., do not use quick heat function

Tips on baking

| | |
|---|--|
| You want to find out whether the cake is completely cooked in the middle. | Push a cocktail stick into the highest point on the cake. If the cocktail stick comes out clean with no dough residue, the cake is ready. |
| The cake collapses. | Next time, use less liquid. Alternatively, set the temperature to be 10 °C lower and extend the baking time. Adhere to the specified ingredients and preparation instructions in the recipe. |
| The cake has risen in the middle but is lower around the edge. | Only grease the base of the springform cake tin. After baking, loosen the cake carefully with a knife. |
| The fruit juice overflows. | Next time, use the universal pan. |
| Small baked items stick to one another during baking. | There should be a gap of approx. 2 cm around each item. This gives enough space for the baked items to expand well and brown on all sides. |
| The cake is too dry. | Set the temperature 10 °C higher and shorten the baking time. |
| The cake is generally too light in colour. | If the shelf position and the cookware are correct, then you should increase the temperature if necessary or extend the baking time. |
| The cake is too light on top, and too dark underneath. | Bake the cake one level higher in the oven the next time. |
| The cake is too dark on top, and too light underneath. | Bake the cake one level lower in the oven the next time. Select a lower temperature and extend the baking time. |
| Cakes baked in a tray or tin are too brown at the back. | Place the baking tray in the middle of the accessories, not directly against the back wall. |

| | |
|---|---|
| The whole cake is too dark. | Select a lower temperature next time and extend the baking time if necessary. |
| The cake is unevenly browned. | Select a slightly lower temperature. Protruding greaseproof paper can affect the air circulation. Always cut greaseproof paper to size. Ensure that the baking tin does not stand directly in front of the openings in the cooking compartment back wall. When baking small items, you should use similar sizes and thicknesses wherever possible. |
| You were baking on several levels. The items on the top baking tray are darker than those on the lower baking tray. | Always select 4D hot air when baking on several levels. Baked items that are placed into the oven on trays or in baking tins/dishes at the same time will not necessarily be ready at the same time. |
| The cake looks good, but is not cooked properly in the middle. | Use a lower temperature and bake slightly longer; if necessary, add slightly less liquid. For cakes with a moist topping, bake the base first. Sprinkle it with almonds or breadcrumbs and then place the topping on top. |
| The cake cannot be turned out of the dish when it is turned upside down. | Allow the cake to cool down for 5 to 10 minutes after baking. If it still sticks, carefully loosen the cake around the edges again using a knife. Turn the cake tin upside down again and cover it several times with a cold, wet cloth. Next time, grease the baking tin/dish and sprinkle with breadcrumbs. |

Bread and rolls

Your appliance offers you a range of heating types for baking bread and rolls. You can find the ideal settings for many dishes in the settings tables.

Also refer to the notes in the section on allowing dough to rise.

Only use original accessories supplied with your appliance. These have been tailored to the cooking compartment and the operating modes of your appliance.

Shelf positions

Use the indicated shelf positions.

Baking on one level

When baking on one level, use the following shelf positions:

- Tall baked items: Level 2
- Flat baked items: Level 3

If you are using 4D Hot air as the type of heating, you can choose between levels 1, 2, 3 and 4.

Baking on two levels

Use 4D hot air. Baked items that are placed into the oven on trays or in baking tins/dishes at the same time will not necessarily be ready at the same time.

- Universal pan: Level 3
Baking tray: Level 1
- Baking tins/dishes on the wire rack
First wire rack: Level 3
Second wire rack: Level 1

By preparing several dishes at the same time, you can make energy savings of up to 45 per cent. Position baking tins/dishes next to one another or offset and vertically stacked in the cooking compartment.

Accessories

Ensure that you always use suitable accessories and that they are placed in the oven the right way around.

Wire rack

Slide the wire rack in with the imprint "Microwave" facing the appliance door, and the outer rail facing downwards.

Universal pan or baking tray

Slide the universal pan or the baking tray in carefully as far as the limit stop with the bevelled edge facing the appliance door.

Baking tins

Dark- coloured metal baking tins are most suitable.

Tinplate baking tins, ceramic dishes and glass dishes extend baking time and mean that the baked item will not brown evenly. If you wish to bake using these baking tins/dishes and using top/bottom heating, slide in the tin/dish at level 1.

Greaseproof paper

Only use greaseproof paper that is suitable for the selected temperature. Always cut greaseproof paper to size.

Frozen products

Do not use frozen products that are heavily frosted. Remove any ice on the food.

Some frozen products may be unevenly pre-baked. Uneven browning may remain even after baking.

Recommended setting values

In the table, you can find the ideal heating type for various kinds of bread and bread roll. The temperature and baking time are dependent on the quantity and composition of the dough. Different settings ranges are indicated for this reason. Try using the lower values at first. A lower temperature results in more even browning. If necessary, use a higher setting the next time.

Note: Baking times can not be reduced by using higher temperatures. The bread or bread rolls would only be cooked on the outside, but would not be fully baked in the middle.

The setting values apply to dishes placed into a cold cooking compartment. By doing so, you can make energy savings of up to 20 per cent. If you preheat the oven, you can reduce the indicated baking times by several minutes.

Preheating is necessary for selected dishes, and this is indicated in the table. Some food turns out better if it is baked in several stages. These dishes are indicated in the table.

The setting values for bread dough apply to both dough placed on a baking tray and dough placed in a loaf tin.






If you wish to follow one of your own recipes when baking, you should use a similar baked item in the table as a reference.
















Remove unused accessories from the cooking compartment. This will achieve the best possible cooking results and energy savings of up to 20 per cent.

Caution!

Never pour water into the hot cooking compartment or place cookware containing water onto the cooking compartment floor. The temperature change can cause damage to the enamel.

Types of heating used:

-  4D hot air
-  Top/bottom heating
-  Circulated air grilling
-  Grill, large area
-  Pizza setting

| Dish | Accessories | Shelf position | Type of heating | Temperature in °C/ grill setting | Cooking time in mins. |
|--|-----------------------------|----------------|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Bread | | | | | |
| White bread, 750 g | Universal pan or cake tin | 2 |  | 210-220* | 10-15 |
| | | | | 180-190 | 25-35 |
| Multigrain bread, 1.5 kg | Universal pan or cake tin | 2 |  | 210-220* | 10-15 |
| | | | | 180-190 | 40-50 |
| Wholemeal bread, 1 kg | Universal pan | 2 |  | 210-220* | 10-15 |
| | | | | 180-190 | 40-50 |
| Flatbread | Universal pan | 3 |  | 250-270 | 20-25 |
| Bread rolls | | | | | |
| Part-cooked rolls or baguette, pre-baked | Universal pan | 3 |  | 180-200 | 10-15 |
| Bread rolls, sweet, fresh | Baking tray | 3 |  | 170-190* | 15-20 |
| Bread rolls, sweet, fresh, 2 levels | Universal pan + baking tray | 3+1 |  | 150-170* | 20-30 |
| Bread rolls, fresh | Baking tray | 3 |  | 180-200 | 20-30 |
| Baguette, pre-baked, chilled | Universal pan | 3 |  | 180-200 | 20-30 |
| Bread rolls, frozen | | | | | |
| Part-cooked rolls or baguette, pre-baked | Universal pan | 3 |  | 180-200 | 10-15 |
| Lye bread, pieces of dough | Universal pan | 3 |  | 180-200 | 20-25 |
| Croissant, pieces of dough | Universal pan | 3 |  | 170-190 | 30-35 |
| Toast | | | | | |
| Toast with topping, 4 slices | Wire rack | 3 |  | 190-210 | 10-15 |
| Toast with topping, 12 slices | Wire rack | 3 |  | 230-250 | 10-15 |
| Toasting bread (do not preheat) | Wire rack | 5 |  | 3 | 3-5 |
| * Preheat | | | | | |

Pizza, quiche and savoury cakes

Your appliance offers you a range of heating types for preparing pizza, quiche and savoury cakes. You can find the ideal settings for many dishes in the settings tables.

Also refer to the notes in the section on allowing dough to rise.

Only use original accessories supplied with your appliance. These have been tailored to the cooking compartment and the operating modes of your appliance.

Baking in combination with a microwave

If you bake in combination with a microwave, you can reduce the cooking time considerably.

In combined operation, you can use conventional baking tins made from metal. If sparks form between the baking tin and the wire rack, check whether the baking tin is clean on the outside. Change the position of the baking tin on the wire rack. If this does not help, continue baking without the microwave. The baking time will be extended.

If you use baking tins/dishes made from plastic, ceramic or glass, the baking time indicated in the settings tables will be reduced. The savoury cake will not brown as much underneath.

Baking in combination with a microwave is only possible on one level.

Shelf positions

Use the indicated shelf positions.

Baking on one level

When baking on one level, use the following shelf positions:

- Tall baked items: Level 2
- Flat baked items: Level 3

If you are using 4D Hot air as the type of heating, you can choose between levels 1, 2, 3 and 4.

Baking on several levels

Use 4D hot air. Baked items that are placed into the oven on trays or in baking tins/dishes at the same time will not necessarily be ready at the same time.

Baking on two levels:

- Universal pan: Level 3
Baking tray: Level 1
- Baking tins/dishes on the wire rack
First wire rack: Level 3
Second wire rack: Level 1

Baking on four levels:

- 4 wire racks with greaseproof paper
First wire rack: Level 5
Second wire rack: Level 3
Third wire rack: Level 2
Fourth wire rack: Level 1

By preparing several dishes at the same time, you can make energy savings of up to 45 per cent. Position baking tins/dishes next to one another or offset and vertically stacked in the cooking compartment.

Accessories

Ensure that you always use suitable accessories and that they are placed in the oven the right way around.

Wire rack

Slide the wire rack in with the imprint "Microwave" facing the appliance door, and the outer rail facing downwards.

Universal pan or baking tray

Slide the universal pan or the baking tray in carefully as far as the limit stop with the bevelled edge facing the appliance door.

Use the universal pan for pizzas with many toppings.

Baking tins

Dark- coloured metal baking tins are most suitable.

Tinplate baking tins, ceramic dishes and glass dishes extend baking time and mean that the baked item will not brown evenly. If you wish to bake using these baking tins/dishes and using top/bottom heating, slide in the tin/dish at level 1.

Greaseproof paper

Only use greaseproof paper that is suitable for the selected temperature. Always cut greaseproof paper to size.

Frozen products

Do not use frozen products that are heavily frosted. Remove any ice on the food.

Some frozen products may be unevenly pre-baked. Uneven browning may remain even after baking.

Recommended setting values

In the table, you can find the ideal heating type for various dishes. The temperature and baking time depend on the consistency and amount of the dough. Setting ranges are indicated for this reason. Try using the lower values at first. A lower temperature results in more even browning. You can use a higher setting next time if necessary.

Note: Baking times can not be reduced by using higher temperatures. The dish would only be cooked on the outside, but would not be fully baked in the middle.




The setting values apply to dishes placed into a cold cooking compartment. By doing so, you can make energy savings of up to 20 per cent. If you preheat the oven, you can reduce the indicated baking times by several minutes.






Preheating is necessary for selected dishes, and this is indicated in the table.

If you wish to follow one of your own recipes when baking, you should use a similar baked item in the table as a reference.



















Remove unused accessories from the cooking compartment. This will achieve the best possible cooking results and energy savings of up to 20 per cent.

Types of heating used:

-  4D hot air
-  Top/bottom heating
-  Pizza setting

| Dish | Accessories/cookware | Shelf position | Type of heating | Temperature in °C | MW power in watts | Cooking time in mins. |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|---|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Pizza | | | | | | |
| Pizza, fresh | Baking tray | 3 |  | 200-220 | - | 25-35 |
| Pizza, fresh, 2 levels | Universal pan + baking tray | 3+1 |  | 180-200 | - | 35-45 |
| Pizza, fresh, thin base | Pizza tray | 2 |  | 250-270 | - | 20-25 |
| Pizza, fresh, thin base | Pizza tray | 2 |  | 220-230 | - | 20-30 |
| Pizza, chilled | Wire rack | 3 |  | 190-210 | - | 10-15 |

* Preheat

| Dish | Accessories/cookware | Shelf position | Type of heating | Temperature in °C | MW power in watts | Cooking time in mins. |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------|--|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Pizza, frozen | | | | | | |
| Pizza, thin base, x 1 | Wire rack | 3 |  | 190-210 | - | 15-20 |
| Pizza, thin base, x 1 | Universal pan | 2 |  | 200-220 | 90 | 15-25 |
| Pizza, thin base, x 2 | Universal pan + wire rack | 3+1 |  | 190-210 | - | 20-25 |
| Pizza, deep-pan, x 1 | Wire rack | 3 |  | 180-200 | - | 20-25 |
| Pizza, deep-pan, x 1 | Universal pan | 2 |  | 180-200 | 90 | 15-25 |
| Pizza, deep-pan, x 2 | Universal pan + wire rack | 3+1 |  | 190-210 | - | 20-30 |
| Pizza baguette | Wire rack | 3 |  | 200-220 | - | 15-20 |
| Pizza baguette, x 2 | Universal pan | 2 |  | 180-200 | 90 | 10-20 |
| Mini pizzas | Universal pan | 3 |  | 180-200 | - | 15-20 |
| Mini pizzas, x 9 | Universal pan | 2 |  | 210-230 | 90 | 10-20 |
| Mini pizzas, diameter 7 cm, 4 levels | 4 wire racks | 5+3+2+1 |  | 180-200* | - | 20-30 |
| Savoury cakes and quiches | | | | | | |
| Savoury cakes in a tin | Springform cake tin, diameter 28 cm | 2 |  | 170-190 | - | 55-65 |
| Savoury cakes in a tin | Springform cake tin, diameter 28 cm | 1 |  | 180-200 | 90 | 35-40 |
| Quiche | Flan-base cake tin, black | 3 |  | 190-210 | - | 30-40 |
| Tarte flambée | Universal pan | 3 |  | 260-280* | - | 10-15 |
| Pierogi | Ovenproof dish | 2 |  | 190-200 | - | 30-45 |
| Empanada | Universal pan | 3 |  | 180-190 | - | 30-45 |
| Börek | Universal pan | 1 |  | 200-220* | - | 20-30 |
| * Preheat | | | | | | |

Bakes and soufflés

Your appliance offers a range of heating types for preparing bakes and soufflés. You can find the ideal settings for many dishes in the settings tables.

Only use original accessories supplied with your appliance. These have been tailored to the cooking compartment and the operating modes of your appliance.

Preparing food with a microwave

If you prepare food only in a microwave or in combination with a microwave, the cooking time may be considerably reduced.

Always use heat-resistant cookware that is suitable for use in microwaves. Observe the notes on cookware suitable for microwaves. → "Microwave" on page 19

Take ready-to-eat meals out of the packaging. You can cook more quickly and evenly using cookware which is suitable for use in microwaves.

Shelf positions

Always use the indicated shelf positions.

You can prepare dishes on one level using a baking tin/dish or the universal pan.

- Baking tins/dishes on the wire rack: Level 2
- Universal pan: Level 3

You can also prepare soufflés in a water bath in the universal pan. To do so, slide the universal pan in at level 2.

By preparing several dishes at the same time, you can make energy savings of up to 45 per cent. Position baking tins/dishes next to one another in the cooking compartment.

Accessories

Ensure that you always use suitable accessories and that they are placed in the oven the right way around.

Wire rack

Slide the wire rack in with the imprint "Microwave" facing the appliance door, and the outer rail facing downwards.

Universal pan

Slide in the universal pan carefully as far as the limit stop, with the bevelled edge facing the appliance door.

Cookware

Use wide, shallow cookware for bakes and gratins. In deep, narrow cookware, food requires more time to cook, and the top will be darker.

Recommended setting values

In the table, you can find the ideal heating type for various bakes and soufflés. The temperature and cooking time are dependent on the quantity of food and the recipe. How well cooked a bake is will depend on the size of the cookware and the depth of the bake. Settings ranges are indicated for this reason. Try using the lower values at first. A lower temperature results in more even browning. You can increase the temperature next time if necessary.

Note: Cooking times cannot be reduced by using higher temperatures. Bakes or soufflés would only be cooked on the outside, but would be raw in the middle.





The setting values apply to dishes placed into a cold cooking compartment. By doing so, you can make














energy savings of up to 20 per cent. If you preheat the oven, the indicated cooking times will be reduced by several minutes.

If you wish to follow one of your own recipes when cooking, you can use similar dishes in the table as a reference.

Remove unused accessories from the cooking compartment. This will achieve the best possible cooking results and energy savings of up to 20 per cent.

Types of heating used:

-  4D hot air
-  Top/bottom heating
-  Circulated air grilling
-  Pizza setting

| Dish | Accessories/cookware | Shelf position | Type of heating | Temperature in °C | MW power in watts | Cooking time in mins. |
|---|----------------------|----------------|---|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Bake, savoury, cooked ingredients | Ovenproof dish | 2 |  | 200-220 | - | 30-50 |
| Bake, savoury, cooked ingredients | Ovenproof dish | 2 |  | 150-170 | 360 | 20-30 |
| Bake, sweet | Ovenproof dish | 2 |  | 170-190 | - | 40-60 |
| Bake, sweet | Ovenproof dish | 2 |  | 150-170 | 360 | 20-30 |
| Lasagne, fresh, 1 kg | Ovenproof dish | 2 |  | 160-180 | - | 50-60 |
| Lasagne, fresh, 1 kg | Ovenproof dish | 2 |  | 180-200 | 360 | 20-30 |
| Lasagne, frozen, 400 g | Wire rack | 2 |  | 190-210 | - | 30-35 |
| Lasagne, frozen, 400 g | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 200-210 | 180 | 20-25 |
| Potato gratin, raw ingredients, 4 cm deep | Ovenproof dish | 2 |  | 160-190 | - | 50-70 |
| Potato gratin, raw ingredients, 4 cm deep | Ovenproof dish | 2 |  | 170-190 | 360 | 20-25 |
| Potato gratin, raw ingredients, 4 cm deep, 2 levels | Ovenproof dish | 3+1 |  | 150-170 | - | 60-80 |
| Soufflé | Ovenproof dish | 2 |  | 160-180* | - | 35-45 |
| Soufflé | Individual moulds | 2 |  | 170-190 | - | 65-75 |

* Preheat

Poultry

Your appliance offers you a range of heating types for preparing poultry. You can find the ideal settings for certain dishes in the settings tables.

Roasting on the wire rack

Roasting on the wire rack is particularly well suited for larger poultry or for multiple pieces at the same time.

Slide the wire rack in at the indicated shelf position with the imprint "Microwave" facing the appliance door and the outer rail facing downwards. In addition, slide the universal pan in at the shelf position underneath with the slanted edge facing the appliance door.

Depending on the size and type of the poultry, pour up to ½ litres of water into the universal pan. Any dripping fat will be caught. You can make a sauce from these juices. This will also result in less smoke and ensure that the cooking compartment stays cleaner.

Roasting in cookware

Only use cookware which is suitable for use in an oven. Check whether the cookware fits in the cooking compartment.

Glass cookware is most suitable. Place hot glass cookware onto a dry mat after cooking. If the surface is damp or cold, the glass may crack.

Shiny roasting dishes made from stainless steel or aluminium reflect heat like a mirror and are therefore not particularly suitable. The poultry cooks slower and does not brown so well. Use a higher temperature and/or a longer cooking time.

Observe the manufacturer's instructions for your roasting cookware.

Uncovered cookware

It is best to use a deep roasting tin/dish for roasting poultry. Place the tin/dish onto the wire rack. If you do not have any suitable cookware, use the universal pan.

Covered cookware

When cooking with covered cookware, the cooking compartment remains considerably cleaner. Ensure that the lid fits well and closes properly. Place the cookware onto the wire rack.

Very hot steam may escape when opening the lid after cooking. Lift the lid at the rear, so that the hot steam can escape away from you.

Poultry can also become crispy in a covered roasting dish. To do so, use a roasting dish with a glass lid and set a higher temperature.

Roasting in combination with a microwave

Poultry is particularly well suited to being prepared in combination with a microwave. The cooking time is considerably reduced by doing so.

As opposed to conventional operation, the cooking time is based on the total weight when roasting in combination with a microwave.

Tip: If you have quantities other than those indicated in the settings tables, the following basic rule applies: double the quantity equates to roughly double the cooking time.

Always use heat-resistant cookware that is suitable for use in microwaves. Roasting dishes made from metal or Römertopf dishes are only suitable for roasting without using the microwave. Observe the notes on cookware suitable for microwaves. → *"Microwave" on page 19*

Grilling

Keep the appliance door closed when using the grill. Never grill with the appliance door open.

Slide the wire rack in at the indicated shelf position with the imprint "Microwave" facing the appliance door and the outer rail facing downwards. In addition, slide the universal pan in at least one shelf position lower, with the slanted edge facing the appliance door. Any dripping fat will be caught.

When grilling, try wherever possible to use pieces of food which are of a similar thickness and weight. This will allow them to brown evenly and remain succulent and juicy. Place the food to be grilled directly onto the wire rack.

Use tongs to turn the pieces of food you are grilling. If you pierce the meat with a fork, the juices will run out and it will become dry.

Notes

- The grill element switches itself continuously on and off; this is normal. The grill setting determines how frequently this occurs.
- Smoke may be produced when grilling.

Meat thermometer

You can cook accurately using a meat thermometer. Read important notes on using the meat thermometer in the corresponding chapter. There, you can find notes on inserting the meat thermometer, the possible heating types and additional information. → *"Meat thermometer" on page 21*

Recommended setting values

In the table, you can find the ideal heating type for the kind of poultry you are cooking. The temperature and cooking time depend on the amount, composition and temperature of the food. Setting ranges are indicated for this reason. Try using the lower values at first. You can increase the temperature next time if necessary.

The setting values are based on the assumption that unstuffed, chilled, ready-to-roast poultry is placed into a cold cooking compartment. By doing so, you can make energy savings of up to 20 per cent. If you preheat the oven, the indicated cooking times will be reduced by several minutes.

In the table, you can find specifications for poultry with default values for the weight. If you wish to cook heavier poultry, use the lower temperature in every case. If cooking multiple pieces, use the weight of the heaviest piece as a reference for determining the cooking time. The individual pieces should be approximately equal in size.

A general rule: the larger the poultry is, the lower the cooking temperature and the longer the cooking time.

Turn the poultry after approx. $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{2}{3}$ of the indicated time.



Note: Only use greaseproof paper that is suitable for the selected temperature. Always cut greaseproof paper to size.




Tips























- For duck or goose, pierce the skin on the underside of the wings. This allows the fat to run out.
- If using duck breast, score the skin. Do not turn duck breasts.
- When you turn poultry, ensure that the breast side or the skin side is underneath at first.
- Poultry will turn out particularly crispy and brown if you baste it towards the end of the roasting time with butter, salted water or orange juice.

Remove unused accessories from the cooking compartment. This will achieve the best possible cooking results and energy savings of up to 20 per cent.

Types of heating used:

-  4D hot air
-  Top/bottom heating

-  Circulated air grilling
-  Grill, large area
-  Pizza setting

| Dish | Accessories/cookware | Shelf position | Type of heating | Temperature in °C/ grill setting | MW power in watts | Cooking time in mins. |
|--|----------------------|----------------|---|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Chicken | | | | | | |
| Chicken, 1 kg | Wire rack | 2 |  | 200-220 | - | 60-70 |
| Chicken, 1 kg | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | 230-250 | 360 | 25-35 |
| Chicken breast fillet, 150 g each (grilling) | Wire rack | 4 |  | 3* | - | 15-20 |
| Chicken breast fillet, x 2, 150 g each (grill) | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 190-210 | 180 | 25-30 |
| Small chicken portions, 250 g each | Wire rack | 3 |  | 220-230 | - | 30-35 |
| Small chicken portions, x 4, 250 g each | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 190-210 | 360 | 20-30 |
| Chicken goujons, nuggets, frozen | Universal pan | 3 |  | 190-210 | - | 20-25 |
| Chicken goujons, nuggets, frozen, 250 g | Universal pan | 2 |  | 190-210 | 360 | 15-20 |
| Poulard, 1.5 kg | Wire rack | 2 |  | 200-220 | - | 70-90 |
| Poulard, 1.5 kg | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | 210-230 | 360 | 30 |
| | | | | | 180 | 15-25 |
| Duck and goose | | | | | | |
| Duck, 2 kg | Wire rack | 2 |  | 180-200 | - | 90-110 |
| Duck, 2 kg | Wire rack | 2 |  | 170-190 | 180 | 60-80 |
| Duck breast, 300 g each | Wire rack | 3 |  | 230-250 | - | 17-20 |
| Goose, 3 kg | Wire rack | 2 |  | 160-180 | - | 120-150 |
| Goose, 3 kg | Wire rack | 2 |  | 170-190 | 180 | 80-90 |
| Goose legs, 350 g each | Wire rack | 2 |  | 210-230 | - | 40-50 |
| Goose legs, 350 g each | Wire rack | 2 |  | 170-190 | 180 | 30-40 |
| Turkey | | | | | | |
| Small turkey, 2.5 kg | Wire rack | 2 |  | 180-200 | - | 70-90 |
| Small turkey, 2.5 kg | Wire rack | 2 |  | 170-190 | 180 | 60-80 |
| Turkey breast, boned, 1 kg | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | 240-260 | - | 80-100 |
| Turkey thigh, with bone, 1 kg | Wire rack | 2 |  | 180-200 | - | 80-100 |
| Turkey thigh, with bone, 1 kg | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | 210-230 | 360 | 45-50 |

* Preheat for 5 mins

Meat

Your appliance offers you many heating types for preparing meat. You can find the ideal settings for many dishes in the settings tables.

Roasting and braising

Baste lean meat with fat as required or cover it with strips of bacon.

Score the rind crosswise. If you turn the joint when cooking, ensure that the rind is underneath at first.

When the joint is ready, turn off the oven and allow it to rest for another 10 minutes in the cooking compartment. This allows the meat juices to be better

distributed. Wrap the joint in aluminium foil if necessary. The recommended standing time is not included in the cooking time specified.

Roasting on the wire rack

On the wire rack, meat will become very crispy on all sides.

Depending on the size and type of the meat, add up to ½ litres of water to the universal pan. Any dripping fat and meat juices will be caught. You can prepare a sauce using these meat juices. In addition, less smoke is generated, and the cooking compartment stays cleaner.

Slide the wire rack in at the indicated shelf position with the imprint "Microwave" facing the appliance door and the outer rail facing downwards. In addition, slide the universal pan in at the shelf position underneath with the slanted edge facing the appliance door.

Roasting and braising in cookware

It is more convenient to roast and braise meat in cookware. You can take the joint out of the cooking compartment more easily in the cookware, and prepare the sauce in the cookware itself.

Only use cookware which is suitable for use in an oven. Check whether the cookware fits in the cooking compartment.

Glass cookware is most suitable. Place hot glass cookware onto a dry mat after cooking. If the surface is damp or cold, the glass may crack.

Add in a little liquid for roasting if the meat is lean. A covering of approx. ½ cm depth should be applied to the base of any glass cookware.

The amount of liquid is dependent on the type of meat, the cookware material and also on whether or not a lid is used. If preparing meat in an enamelled or dark metal roasting dish, it will need a little more liquid than if cooked in glass cookware.

The steam evaporates in the cookware when roasting. Carefully pour in more liquid if required.

Shiny roasting dishes made from stainless steel or aluminium reflect heat like a mirror and are therefore not particularly suitable. The meat cooks more slowly and will not brown so much. Use a higher temperature and/or a longer cooking time.

Observe the manufacturer's instructions for your roasting cookware.

Uncovered cookware

Use a deep roasting tin/dish for roasting meat. Place the tin/dish onto the wire rack. If you do not have any suitable cookware, use the universal pan.

Covered cookware

When cooking with covered cookware, the cooking compartment remains considerably cleaner. Ensure that the lid fits well and closes properly. Place the cookware onto the wire rack.

The distance between the meat and the lid must be at least 3 cm. The meat may rise.

Very hot steam may escape when opening the lid after cooking. Lift the lid at the rear, so that the hot steam can escape away from you.

If necessary, braise the meat first by searing it. Add water, wine, vinegar or a similar liquid to the braising liquid. A covering approx. 1-2 cm deep should be applied to the base of the cookware.

The steam evaporates in the cookware when roasting. Carefully pour in more liquid if required.

Meat can also become crispy in a covered roasting dish. To do so, use a roasting dish with a glass lid and set a higher temperature.

Roasting in combination with a microwave

Certain foodstuffs can be prepared in combination with a microwave. The cooking time is considerably reduced by doing so.

As opposed to conventional operation, the cooking time is based on the total weight when roasting in combination with a microwave.

Tip: If you have quantities other than those indicated in the settings tables, the following basic rule applies: double the quantity equates to roughly double the cooking time.

Always use heat-resistant cookware that is suitable for use in microwaves. Roasting dishes made from metal or Römertopf dishes are only suitable for roasting without using the microwave. Observe the notes on cookware suitable for microwaves. → *"Microwave" on page 19*

Caution!

If you use an oven bag, do not seal it shut with metal clips. Use kitchen string. Do not use metal skewers for roulades. Sparks may form as a result.

Grilling

Keep the appliance door closed when using the grill. Never grill with the appliance door open.

Slide the wire rack in at the indicated shelf position with the imprint "Microwave" facing the appliance door and the outer rail facing downwards. In addition, slide the universal pan in at least one shelf position lower, with the slanted edge facing the appliance door. Any dripping fat will be caught.

When grilling, try wherever possible to use pieces of food which are of a similar thickness and weight. This will allow them to brown evenly and remain succulent and juicy. Place the food to be grilled directly onto the wire rack.

Use tongs to turn the pieces of food you are grilling. If you pierce the meat with a fork, the juices will run out and it will become dry.

Do not add salt until after the meat has been grilled. Salt draws water from the meat.

Notes

- The grill element switches itself continuously on and off; this is normal. The grill setting determines how frequently this occurs.
- Smoke may be produced when grilling.

Meat thermometer

You can cook accurately using a meat thermometer. Read important notes on using the meat thermometer in the corresponding chapter. There, you can find notes on inserting the meat thermometer, the possible heating types and additional information. → *"Meat thermometer" on page 21*

Recommended setting values

You can find the ideal heating type for many meat dishes in the table. Temperature and cooking time depend on the amount, composition and temperature of the food. Settings ranges are indicated for this reason. Try using the lower values at first. You can increase the temperature next time if necessary.

The setting values apply to chilled meat placed into the cold cooking compartment. By doing so, you can make energy savings of up to 20 per cent. If you preheat the oven, you can reduce the indicated cooking times by several minutes.

You can find information on roasts and default values for weights in the table. If you wish to roast a heavy joint of meat, you should definitely use a lower temperature. If roasting several joints, use the weight of the heaviest piece as a basis for determining the cooking time. The individual pieces should be approximately equal in size.






As a general rule: the larger a roasting joint is, the lower the cooking temperature and the longer the cooking time.











Turn roasting joints and grilled items after approx. $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{2}{3}$ of the indicated time.








If you wish to follow one of your own recipes, you should use similar dishes as a reference. You can find additional information in the tips on roasting, braising and grilling attached to the settings table.





Remove unused accessories from the cooking compartment. This will achieve the best possible cooking results and energy savings of up to 20 per cent.

Types of heating used:

-  4D hot air
-  Top/bottom heating
-  Circulated air grilling
-  Grill, large area
-  Microwave









| Dish | Accessories/cookware | Shelf position | Type of heating | Temperature in °C/ grill setting | MW power in watts | Cooking time in mins. |
|---|----------------------|----------------|---|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Pork | | | | | | |
| Joint of pork without rind, e.g. neck, 1.5 kg | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 180-190 | - | 110-130 |
| Joint of pork without rind, e.g. neck, 1.5 kg | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | 220-240 | 360 | 55-65 |
| Joint of pork with rind, e.g. shoulder, 2 kg | Wire rack | 2 |  | 190-200 | - | 130-140 |
| Pork tenderloin steak, 1.5 kg | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 220-230 | - | 70-80 |
| Pork tenderloin steak, 1.5 kg | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | 210-230 | 90 | 50-60 |
| Fillet of pork, 400 g | Wire rack | 3 |  | 220-230 | - | 20-25 |
| Smoked pork on the bone, 1 kg (with a little added water) | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | 210-230 | - | 70-90 |
| Smoked pork on the bone, 1 kg | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | - | 360 | 40-50 |
| Pork steaks, 2 cm thick | Wire rack | 5 |  | 2 | - | 16-20 |
| Pork medallions, 3 cm thick (pre-heat oven for 5 mins.) | Wire rack | 5 |  | 3* | - | 8-12 |

| | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|---|---|---------|-----|---------|
| Beef | | | | | | |
| Fillet of beef, medium, 1 kg | Wire rack | 2 |  | 210-220 | - | 40-50 |
| Fillet of beef, medium, 1 kg | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | 240-260 | 90 | 30-40 |
| Pot-roasted beef, 1.5 kg | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | 200-220 | - | 130-160 |
| Sirloin, medium, 1.5 kg | Wire rack | 2 |  | 220-230 | - | 60-70 |
| Sirloin, medium, 1.5 kg | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 240-260 | 180 | 30-40 |
| Steak, 3 cm thick, medium (do not preheat) | Wire rack | 3 |  | 3 | - | 15-20 |
| Burger, 3-4 cm thick | Wire rack | 4 |  | 3 | - | 25-30 |

| | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------|---|---|---------|----|---------|
| Veal | | | | | | |
| Joint of veal, 1.5 kg | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 160-170 | - | 100-120 |
| Joint of veal, 1.5 kg | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | 200-210 | 90 | 70-80 |
| Knuckle of veal, 1.5 kg | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 200-210 | - | 100-120 |
| Knuckle of veal, 1.5 kg | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 180-200 | 90 | 60-70 |

* Preheat

** Do not turn

| Dish | Accessories/cookware | Shelf position | Type of heating | Temperature in °C/ grill setting | MW power in watts | Cooking time in mins. |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------|---|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Lamb | | | | | | |
| Leg of lamb, boned, medium, 1.5 kg | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 170-190 | - | 50-80 |
| Leg of lamb, boned, medium, 1.5 kg | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | 260-280 | 360 | 30-40 |
| Saddle of lamb on the bone** | Wire rack | 2 |  | 180-190 | - | 40-50 |
| Saddle of lamb on the bone, 1 kg** | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 190-210 | 90 | 30-40 |
| Lamb chop | Wire rack | 3 |  | 3 | - | 12-16 |
| Grilled sausages | Wire rack | 4 |  | 3 | - | 10-15 |
| Meat dishes | | | | | | |
| Meat loaf, 1 kg | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 170-180 | - | 60-70 |
| Meat loaf, 1 kg | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 170-190 | 360 | 30-40 |
| * Preheat | | | | | | |
| ** Do not turn | | | | | | |

Tips on roasting and braising

| | |
|---|--|
| The cooking compartment becomes very dirty. | Prepare your food in an enclosed roaster with higher temperature or use the grill tray. You will achieve the best roasting results if you use the grill tray. The grill tray can be bought later as a special accessory. |
| The roast is too dark and the crackling is burned in places, and/or the roast is too dry. | Check the shelf position and temperature. Select a lower temperature the next time and reduce the roasting time if necessary. |
| The crackling is too thin. | Increase the temperature or switch on the grill briefly at the end of the roasting time. |
| The roast looks good but the juices are burnt. | Next time, use a smaller roasting dish and add more liquid if necessary. |
| The roast looks good but the juices are too clear and watery. | Next time, use a larger roasting dish and add less liquid if necessary. |
| The meat gets burned during braising. | The roasting dish and lid must fit together well and close properly. Reduce the temperature and add more liquid when braising if necessary. |
| The roast is not well-done enough. | Carve the roast. Prepare the sauce in the roasting dish and add the sliced roast meat to the sauce. Finish cooking the meat using the microwave only. |

Fish

Your appliance offers you a range of heating types for preparing fish. You can find the ideal settings for many dishes in the settings tables.

The whole fish does not have to be turned. Place the whole fish into the cooking compartment in swimming position with the dorsal fin facing upwards. Placing half a potato or a small oven-proof container in the stomach cavity of the fish will provide stability.

You can tell when the fish is cooked because the dorsal fin can be removed easily.

Roasting and grilling on the wire rack

Slide the wire rack in at the indicated shelf position with the imprint "Microwave" facing the appliance door and the outer rail facing downwards. In addition, slide the universal pan in at least one shelf position lower, with the slanted edge facing the appliance door.

Pour up to ½ litres of water into the universal pan, depending on the size and type of the fish. Any dripping liquid will be caught. Less smoke is generated and the cooking compartment stays cleaner.

Keep the appliance door closed when using the grill. Never grill with the appliance door open.

When grilling, try wherever possible to use pieces of food which are of a similar thickness and weight. This will allow them to brown evenly and remain succulent and juicy. Place the food to be grilled directly onto the wire rack.

Use tongs to turn the pieces of food you are grilling. If you pierce the fish with a fork, the juices will run out and it will become dry.

Notes

- The grill element switches itself continuously on and off; this is normal. The grill setting determines how frequently this occurs.
- Smoke may be produced when grilling.

Roasting and stewing in cookware

Only use cookware which is suitable for use in an oven. Check whether the cookware fits in the cooking compartment.

Glass cookware is most suitable. Place hot glass cookware onto a dry mat after cooking. If the surface is damp or cold, the glass may crack.

Shiny roasting dishes made from stainless steel or aluminium reflect heat like a mirror and are therefore not particularly suitable. The fish cooks more slowly and browns less. Use a higher temperature and/or a longer cooking time.

Observe the manufacturer's instructions for your roasting cookware.

Uncovered cookware

To cook a whole fish, it is best to use a deep roasting tin/dish. Place the tin/dish onto the wire rack. If you do not have any suitable cookware, use the universal pan.

Covered cookware

When cooking with covered cookware, the cooking compartment remains considerably cleaner. Ensure that the lid fits well and closes properly. Place the cookware onto the wire rack.

When stewing, add two to three tablespoons of liquid and a little lemon juice or vinegar into the cookware.

Very hot steam may escape when opening the lid after cooking. Lift the lid at the rear, so that the hot steam can escape away from you.

Fish can also become crispy in a covered roasting dish. Here, use a roasting dish with a glass lid and set a higher temperature.

Steaming fish in the microwave

You can also steam fish in the microwave.

To do so, use enclosed cookware that is suitable for microwave use or use a plate or microwave film to cover the dish. Observe the notes on cookware suitable for microwaves. → "Microwave" on page 19

This will help retain the flavour and means you can use salt and seasonings sparingly. If cooking fish whole, add one to three tablespoons of water or lemon juice.

After cooking, leave the fish to rest for another 2-3 minutes to compensate for the temperature difference.

Take ready-to-eat meals out of the packaging. You can cook more quickly and evenly using cookware which is suitable for use in microwaves.

Meat thermometer

You can cook accurately using a meat thermometer. Read important notes on using the meat thermometer in the corresponding chapter. There, you can find notes on inserting the meat thermometer, the possible heating types and additional information. → "Meat thermometer" on page 21

Recommended setting values

You can find the ideal heating type for your fish dishes in the table. The temperature and cooking time depend on the amount, composition and temperature of the food. Settings ranges are indicated for this reason. Try using lower setting values first. You can use a higher setting next time if necessary.

The setting values are based on the assumption that chilled fish is placed into a cold cooking compartment. By doing so, you can make energy savings of up to 20 per cent. If you preheat the oven, you can reduce the indicated cooking times by several minutes.

In the table, you can find information for fish with default values for the weight. If you want to cook a heavier fish, you should definitely use the lower temperature. If cooking several fish, you should use the weight of the heaviest fish as a reference for determining the cooking time. The individual fish should be approximately the same size.





As a general rule: the larger a fish, the lower the cooking temperature and the longer the cooking time.




Turn any fish which is not in swimming position after approx. ½ to ⅔ of the indicated time.

Note: Only use greaseproof paper that is suitable for the selected temperature. Always cut greaseproof paper to size.

Remove unused accessories from the cooking compartment. This will achieve the best possible cooking results and energy savings of up to 20 per cent.














Types of heating used:

-  Top/bottom heating
-  Circulated air grilling
-  Grill, large area
-  Microwave

| Dish | Accessories/cookware | Shelf position | Type of heating | Temperature in °C/ grill setting | MW power in watts | Cooking time in mins. |
|--|----------------------|----------------|---|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Fish | | | | | | |
| Fish, grilled, whole 300 g, e.g. trout | Wire rack | 2 |  | 170-190 | - | 20-30 |
| Fish, grilled, whole 300 g, e.g. trout | Wire rack | 3 |  | 2 | 90 | 15-20 |
| Fish, braised, whole 300 g, e.g. trout | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | - | 600 | 3 |
| | | | | | 360 | 2-7 |

* Preheat

** Slide universal pan in underneath at shelf position 2

| Dish | Accessories/cookware | Shelf position | Type of heating | Temperature in °C/ grill setting | MW power in watts | Cooking time in mins. |
|--|----------------------|----------------|---|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Fish, grilled, whole 1.5 kg, e.g. salmon | Wire rack | 2 |  | 170-190 | - | 30-40 |
| Fish, grilled, whole 1.5 kg, e.g. salmon | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 230-250 | 360 | 30-40 |
| Fish, braised, whole 1.5 kg, e.g. salmon | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | - | 600 | 10 |
| | | | | | 360 | 10-15 |
| Fish fillets | | | | | | |
| Fish fillet, plain, grilled | Wire rack | 4 |  | 1* | - | 15-25 |
| Fish fillet, plain, braised, 400 g | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | - | 600 | 4 |
| | | | | | 360 | 3-8 |
| Fish steaks | | | | | | |
| Fish steak, 3 cm thick** | Wire rack | 4 |  | 3 | - | 10-20 |
| Fish, frozen | | | | | | |
| Fish, whole 300 g, e.g. trout | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | - | 600 | 5 |
| | | | | | 360 | 7-12 |
| Fish fillet, plain | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | 210-230 | - | 20-30 |
| Fish fillet, plain, 400 g | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | - | 600 | 10-15 |
| Fish fillet, au gratin | Wire rack | 2 |  | 200-220 | - | 45-60 |
| Fish fillet, au gratin, 400 g | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 3 | 360 | 15-20 |
| Fish fingers (turn during cooking) | Universal pan | 3 |  | 200-220 | - | 20-30 |
| Fish dishes | | | | | | |
| Fish terrine, 1000 g | Terrine mould | 2 |  | - | 360 | 20-25 |
| * Preheat | | | | | | |
| ** Slide universal pan in underneath at shelf position 2 | | | | | | |

Vegetables and side dishes

Here, you can find information for preparing grilled vegetables, potatoes and frozen potato products.

Remove unused accessories from the cooking compartment. This will allow you to achieve ideal cooking results and save energy.

Preparing food in combination with a microwave

If you wish to cook in combination with a microwave, you should always use enclosed cookware which is suitable for use in microwaves. If you do not have a lid that fits your cookware, use a plate or microwave film for this purpose. Observe the notes on cookware suitable for microwaves.

Food which lies flat will cook more quickly than food which is piled high. Arrange the food as flat as possible in the cookware for this reason.

Cereal products foam a lot during cooking. For all cereal products, such as rice, use tall cookware with a lid.

This will help the food retain its flavour. This means that you can use salt and seasonings sparingly.

If you cannot find any indicated settings for your food quantity, you should extend or reduce the cooking time according to the following basic rule: double the quantity equates to roughly double the cooking time.

Stir or turn the food two to three times during this time. After heating up the food, leave it to rest for two to three minutes to compensate for the temperature difference.

The food transfers heat to the cookware. It can become very hot when only using a microwave for cooking.

Shelf positions

Use the indicated shelf positions.

Cooking on one level

Adhere to the specifications in the table.

Cooking on two levels

Use 4D hot air. Food on different baking trays placed in the oven at the same time will not necessarily be ready at the same time.

- Universal pan: Level 3
- Baking tray: Level 1

Accessories

Ensure that you always use suitable accessories and that they are placed in the oven the right way around.

Wire rack

Slide the wire rack in with the imprint "Microwave" facing the appliance door, and the outer rail facing downwards.

Universal pan or baking tray

Slide the universal pan or the baking tray in carefully as far as the limit stop with the bevelled edge facing the appliance door.

Greaseproof paper

Only use greaseproof paper that is suitable for the selected temperature. Always cut greaseproof paper to size.

Recommended setting values






In the table, you can find the ideal heating types for various dishes. The temperature and cooking time




















depend on the amount and composition of the food. Setting ranges are indicated for this reason. Try using the lower values at first. A lower temperature results in more even browning. You can use a higher setting next time if necessary.

The setting values apply to dishes placed into a cold cooking compartment. If you preheat the oven, the indicated cooking times will be reduced by several minutes.






If you wish to follow one of your own recipes when cooking, you can use similar dishes in the table as a reference.

Types of heating used:

-  4D hot air
-  Circulated air grilling
-  Grill, large area
-  Pizza setting
-  Microwave

| Dish | Accessories/cookware | Shelf position | Type of heating | Temperature in °C/grill setting | MW power in watts | Cooking time in mins. |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|---|---------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Vegetables, fresh | | | | | | |
| Vegetables, fresh, 250 g* | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | - | 600 | 6-10 |
| Vegetables, fresh, 500 g* | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | - | 600 | 10-15 |
| Vegetables, frozen | | | | | | |
| Spinach, 450 g* | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | - | 600 | 11-16 |
| Mixed vegetables, 250 g* | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | - | 600 | 8-12 |
| Mixed vegetables, 500 g* | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | - | 600 | 13-18 |
| Vegetable dishes | | | | | | |
| Grilled vegetables | Universal pan | 5 |  | 3 | - | 10-15 |
| Potatoes | | | | | | |
| Baked potatoes, halved | Universal pan | 3 |  | 160-180 | - | 45-60 |
| Baked potatoes, halved, 1 kg | Universal pan | 3 |  | 200-220 | 360 | 15-20 |
| Unpeeled potatoes, whole, 250 g* | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | - | 600 | 8-11 |
| Boiled potatoes, quartered, 500 g* | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | - | 600 | 12-15 |
| Potato products, frozen | | | | | | |
| Potato rösti | Universal pan | 3 |  | 200-220 | - | 25-35 |
| Potato pockets, filled | Universal pan | 3 |  | 190-210 | - | 20-30 |
| Croquettes | Universal pan | 3 |  | 200-220 | - | 25-35 |
| Chips | Universal pan | 3 |  | 190-210 | - | 25-35 |
| Chips, 500 g | Universal pan | 3 |  | 250-270 | 180 | 15-20 |
| Chips, 2 levels | Universal pan + baking tray | 3+1 |  | 190-210 | - | 30-40 |
| Rice | | | | | | |
| Long-grain rice, 250 g + 500 ml water | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | - | 600 | 7-9 |
| | | | | | 180 | 13-16 |
| Brown rice, 250 g + 650 ml water | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | - | 600 | 11-13 |
| | | | | | 180 | 25-30 |
| Risotto, 250 g + 900 ml water | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | - | 600 | 12-14 |
| | | | | | 180 | 22-27 |

* Stir once or twice while cooking

| Dish | Accessories/cookware | Shelf position | Type of heating | Temperature in °C/grill setting | MW power in watts | Cooking time in mins. |
|--|----------------------|----------------|---|---------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Cereals | | | | | | |
| Couscous, 250 g + 500 ml water | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | - | 600 | 6-8 |
| Millet, whole, 250 g + 600 ml water | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | - | 600 | 8-10 |
| | | | | | 180 | 10-15 |
| Polenta/corn semolina, 125 g + 500 ml water* | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | - | 600 | 6-8 |
| | | | | | 180 | 4-7 |
| Pearl barley, 250 g + 750 ml water | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | - | 600 | 11-13 |
| | | | | | 180 | 25-30 |
| Egg | | | | | | |
| Egg custard with 2 eggs | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | - | 360 | 6-8 |
| * Stir once or twice while cooking | | | | | | |

Dessert

You can prepare yogurt and various desserts using your appliance.

When preparing food in a microwave, always use cookware which is heat-resistant and suitable for microwave use. Observe the notes on cookware suitable for microwaves. → *"Microwave" on page 19*

If you place your cookware onto the wire rack, slide the wire rack in with the imprint "Microwave" facing the appliance door and the outer rail facing downwards.

Preparing yogurt

Remove accessories and shelves from the cooking compartment. The cooking compartment must be empty.

1. Heat 1 litre of milk (3.5 % fat) to 90 °C on the hob and then cool down to 40 °C.
It is sufficient to heat UHT milk to 40 °C.
2. Stir in 150 g (chilled) yogurt.
3. Pour into cups or small jars and cover with cling film.
4. Place the cups or jars onto the cooking compartment floor and use the settings indicated in the table.
5. After preparation, leave the yogurt to cool in the refrigerator.

Custard made from custard powder

Mix custard powder with milk and sugar in a tall, microwave-suitable container according to the information on the packaging. Use the settings indicated in the table.

As soon as the milk starts to rise, stir thoroughly. Repeat this step two to three times.

Making rice pudding

1. Weigh the rice and add 4 times as much milk.
2. Pour the rice and milk into a tall container which is suitable for microwave use.
3. Use the settings indicated in the table.
4. As soon as the milk starts to rise, stir thoroughly and reduce the microwave power as indicated in the table.
Stir several times whilst it continues to cook.

Compote

Weigh the fruit in a microwave-suitable container and add a tablespoon of water for every 100 g. Add sugar and spices according to taste. Cover the container and use the settings indicated in the table.

Stir two to three times during the cooking time.

Microwave popcorn

Use flat, heat-resistant glass cookware, e.g. the lid of an ovenproof dish. Do not use porcelain or heavily curved plates.

Place the popcorn bag onto the cookware with the labelled side facing downwards. Use the settings indicated in the table. The time may need to be adjusted, depending on the product and quantity in question.

Remove the popcorn bag after 1½ minutes and shake it to ensure that the popcorn doesn't burn. Wipe the cooking compartment clean after preparation.






Warning – Risk of burns!

Airtight packaging may burst when food is heated. Always observe the instructions on the packaging. Always use oven gloves to remove dishes from the cooking compartment.

Recommended setting values

Types of heating used:

-  4D hot air
-  Microwave

| Dish | Accessories/cookware | Shelf position | Type of heating | Temperature in °C/ dough proving setting | MW power in watts | Cooking time in mins. |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|---|--|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Custard made from custard powder* | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | - | 600 | 5-8 |
| Yogurt | Individual moulds | Cooking compartment floor |  | 40-45 | - | 8-9h |
| Rice pudding, 125 g + 500 ml milk* | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | - | 600 | 10 |
| | | | | | 180 | 20-25 |
| Fruit compote, 500 g | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | - | 600 | 9-12 |
| Microwave popcorn, 1 bag 100 g each** | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | - | 600 | 4-6 |

* Stir once or twice while cooking

** Place sealed bag on cookware

Save energy with Eco heating types

When cooking food, you can save energy using the energy-efficient heating types "Hotair Eco" and "Top/bottom heating Eco".

Place the food into the empty cooking compartment before it has heated up. Otherwise, energy optimisation will not have any effect. Always keep the appliance door closed when cooking.

Remove unused accessories from the cooking compartment. This will allow you to achieve ideal cooking results and save energy.

Only use original accessories supplied with your appliance. These have been tailored to the cooking compartment and the operating modes of your appliance.

Accessories

Ensure that you always use suitable accessories and that they are placed in the oven the right way around.

Wire rack

Slide the wire rack in with the imprint "Microwave" facing the appliance door, and the outer rail facing downwards.

Universal pan or baking tray

Slide the universal pan or the baking tray in carefully as far as the limit stop with the bevelled edge facing the appliance door.

Baking tins and cookware

Dark- coloured metal baking tins are most suitable.

These allow you to make energy savings of up to 35 per cent.

Cookware made from stainless steel or aluminium reflects heat like a mirror. Non-reflective cookware made from enamel, heat-resistant glass or coated, die-cast aluminium is more suitable.

Tinplate baking tins, ceramic dishes or glass dishes prolong baking time, and the cake will not brown so evenly.

Greaseproof paper



Only use greaseproof paper that is suitable for the selected temperature. Always cut greaseproof paper to size.




Recommended setting values




Here, you can find specifications for various dishes. The temperature and baking time are dependent on the quantity and composition of the dough. Different settings ranges are indicated for this reason. Try using the lower values at first. A lower temperature results in more even browning. If necessary, use a higher setting the next time.

Note: Baking times can not be reduced by using higher temperatures. Cakes or baked items would only be cooked on the outside, but would not be cooked completely in the middle.

Types of heating used:

-  Hotair Eco
-  Top/bottom heating Eco

| Dish | Accessories/cookware | Shelf position | Type of heating | Temperature in °C | Cooking time in mins. |
|----------------------|----------------------|----------------|---|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Cakes in tins | | | | | |
| Sponge cake in a tin | Ring tin/cake tin | 2 |  | 140-160 | 60-80 |
| Sponge flan base | Flan base tin | 2 |  | 150-170 | 20-30 |
| Sponge base, 2 eggs | Flan base tin | 2 |  | 150-170 | 20-30 |

| Dish | Accessories/cookware | Shelf position | Type of heating | Temperature in °C | Cooking time in mins. |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------|---|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Sponge flan, 3 eggs | Springform cake tin, diameter 26 cm | 2 |  | 160-170 | 25-40 |
| Sponge flan, 6 eggs | Springform cake tin, diameter 28 cm | 2 |  | 150-160 | 50-60 |
| Bundt yeast cake | Bundt cake tin | 2 |  | 150-170 | 50-70 |

Cakes on baking trays

| | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------|---|---|---------|-------|
| Sponge cake with dry topping | Baking tray | 3 |  | 150-170 | 25-40 |
| Shortcrust tart with dry topping | Baking tray | 3 |  | 170-180 | 25-35 |
| Swiss roll | Baking tray | 3 |  | 180-190 | 15-20 |
| Plaited loaf, savarin | Baking tray | 3 |  | 160-170 | 25-35 |
| Yeast cake with dry topping | Baking tray | 3 |  | 160-180 | 15-20 |


Small baked items

| | | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------|---|---|---------|-------|
| Muffins | Muffin tray | 2 |  | 160-180 | 15-25 |
| Small cakes | Baking tray | 3 |  | 150-160 | 25-35 |
| Puff pastry | Baking tray | 3 |  | 170-190 | 20-35 |
| Choux pastry | Baking tray | 3 |  | 200-220 | 35-45 |
| Biscuits | Baking tray | 3 |  | 140-160 | 15-30 |
| Whirls | Baking tray | 3 |  | 140-150 | 30-45 |
| Small yeast cakes | Baking tray | 3 |  | 160-180 | 25-35 |



Bread and bread rolls

| | | | | | |
|---------------------------|---------------|---|---|---------|-------|
| Multigrain bread, 1.5 kg | Cake tin | 2 |  | 200-210 | 35-45 |
| Flatbread | Universal pan | 3 |  | 250-275 | 15-20 |
| Bread rolls, sweet, fresh | Baking tray | 3 |  | 170-190 | 15-20 |
| Bread rolls, fresh | Baking tray | 3 |  | 180-200 | 20-30 |

Meat

| | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|---|---|---------|---------|
| Joint of pork without rind, e.g. neck, 1.5 kg | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 180-190 | 120-140 |
| Pot-roasted beef, 1.5 kg | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | 200-220 | 140-160 |
| Joint of veal, 1.5 kg | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 170-180 | 110-130 |

Fish

| | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|---|---|---------|-------|
| Fish, braised, whole 300 g, e.g. trout | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | 190-210 | 25-35 |
| Fish, braised, whole 1.5 kg, e.g. salmon | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | 190-210 | 45-55 |
| Fish fillet, plain, braised | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | 190-210 | 15-25 |

Acrylamide in foodstuffs

Acrylamide is mainly produced in grain and potato products prepared at high temperatures, such as potato

crisps, chips, sliced bread, bread rolls, bread or fine baked goods (biscuits, gingerbread, spiced biscuit).

Tips for keeping acrylamide to a minimum

| | |
|------------|---|
| General | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Keep cooking times as short as possible. Cook food until it is golden brown, but not too dark. Large, thick pieces of food contain less acrylamide. |
| Baking | With top/bottom heating at max. 200 °C. With hot air at max. 180 °C. |
| Biscuits | With top/bottom heating at max. 190 °C. With hot air at max. 170 °C. Egg or egg yolk reduces the production of acrylamide. |
| Oven chips | Spread out a single layer evenly on the baking tray. Cook at least 400 g at once on a baking tray so that the chips do not dry out. |

Slow cook

Slow cooking is a technique for cooking food over a long period at low temperatures. For this reason, it is also called "low-temperature cooking".

Slow cooking is ideal for all prime cuts (e.g. tender portions of beef, veal, pork, lamb or poultry) which are to be cooked "à point". The meat will remain succulent and tender.

The benefit of this cooking method is that it allows lots of scope for menu planning because slow-cooked meat is easy to keep warm. You do not have to turn the meat when cooking. Keep the appliance door closed in order to maintain an even cooking climate.

Only use fresh, clean and hygienic meat without bones. Carefully remove sinews and fat from around the edge. Fat develops a strong, distinct flavour during slow cooking. You can also use seasoned or marinated meat. Do not use defrosted meat.

Meat can be carved immediately following slow cooking. No standing time is required. Due to the special cooking method, the meat looks pink, but is not raw or undercooked.

Note: Delayed-start operation with an end time is not possible for the slow cooking heating type.

Cookware

Use shallow cookware, e.g. a glass/porcelain serving dish. Place the cookware into the cooking compartment to preheat it.

Always place the uncovered cookware onto the wire rack at level 2.

You can find additional information in the tips on slow cooking attached to the settings table.


Your appliance features the heating type "Slow cook". Only start operation when the cooking compartment has fully cooled down. Allow the cooking compartment to warm up for approx. 15 minutes with the cookware inside.

















Sear the meat on the hotplate at a very high heat and for a sufficiently long time on all sides, even on the ends. Place into the preheated cookware right away. Place the cookware containing the meat into the cooking compartment once again and cook slowly.

Recommended setting values

The slow cooking temperature and cooking time are dependent on the size, thickness and quality of the meat. Different settings ranges are indicated for this reason.

Type of heating used:

■  Slow cooking

| Dish | Cookware | Shelf position | Type of heating | Searing time in mins. | Temperature in °C | Cooking time in mins. |
|---|---------------------|----------------|---|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Poultry | | | | | | |
| Duck breast, 400 g | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 6-8 | 90* | 45-60 |
| Chicken breast fillet, 200 g each | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 5-7 | 90* | 30-60 |
| Turkey breast, boned, 1 kg | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 8-10 | 90* | 150-210 |
| Pork | | | | | | |
| Pork tenderloin steak, 5-6 cm thick, 1.5 kg | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 8-10 | 80* | 210-240 |
| Fillet of pork, whole | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 6-8 | 80* | 90-120 |
| Pork medallions, 4 cm thick | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 5-7 | 80* | 90-120 |
| Beef | | | | | | |
| Joint of beef (rump), 6-7 cm thick, 1.5 kg | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 8-10 | 80* | 210-270 |
| Beef tenderloin, whole, 1 kg | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 4-6 | 80* | 150-210 |
| Sirloin, 5-6 cm thick | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 6-8 | 80* | 210-270 |
| Beef medallions/rump steak, 4 cm thick | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 5-7 | 80* | 30-60 |
| Veal | | | | | | |
| Joint of veal, 4-5 cm thick, 1.5 kg | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 8-10 | 80* | 210-240 |
| Joint of veal, 10-15 cm thick, 1.5 kg | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 8-10 | 80* | 210-240 |
| Veal fillet, whole, 800 g | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 5-7 | 80* | 120-150 |
| Veal medallions, 4 cm thick | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 5-7 | 80* | 45-90 |
| Lamb | | | | | | |
| Saddle of lamb, boneless, 200 g each | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 5-7 | 80* | 120-180 |
| Leg of lamb, boned, medium, 1 kg tied | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 6-8 | 80* | 180-240 |

* Preheat

Tips for slow cooking

| | |
|--|---|
| Slow-cooking duck breast. | Place the cold duck breast into a pan and fry the skin side first. After slow cooking, grill for 3 to 5 minutes until crispy. |
| The slow-cooked meat is not as hot as conventionally roasted meat. | So that the roasted meat does not cool so quickly, warm the plates and serve the sauces very hot. |

Drying

With 4D hot air, you can dry foods with outstanding results. With this type of preserving, flavourings are concentrated by the dehydration.

Only use unblemished fruit, vegetables and herbs and wash them thoroughly. Line the wire rack with greaseproof paper or parchment paper. Drain the excess water from the fruit and dry it.

If necessary, cut it into equal chunks or thin slices. Place unpeeled fruit onto the dish with the sliced surfaces facing upwards. Ensure that neither fruit nor mushrooms overlap on the wire rack.

Grate vegetables and then blanch them. Allow the blanched vegetables to drain off and distribute them evenly on the wire rack.

Dry herbs on the stem. Position the herbs evenly and slightly heaped on the wire rack.

Use the following shelf positions for drying:

- 1 wire rack: Level 3
- 2 wire racks: Level 3+1


Turn very juicy fruit and vegetables several times. After drying, remove the dried products from the paper immediately.






Recommended setting values

In the table, you can find settings for drying various foodstuffs. The temperature and cooking time are dependent on the type, moisture, ripeness and thickness of the food to be dried. The longer you leave the food to be dried, the better it will be preserved. The thinner the slices are, the quicker the drying process will be and the more aromatic the dried food will remain. Setting ranges are indicated for this reason.

If you wish to dry additional foodstuffs, you should use similar foodstuffs in the table as a reference.

Type of heating used:

-  4D hot air

| Dish | Accessories | Shelf position | Type of heating | Temperature in °C | Cooking time in hours |
|--|----------------|----------------|---|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Pomes (apple rings, 3 mm thick, 200 g per wire rack) | 1-2 wire racks | - |  | 80 | 5-9 |
| Stone fruit (plums) | 1-2 wire racks | - |  | 80 | 8-10 |
| Root vegetables (carrots), grated, blanched | 1-2 wire racks | - |  | 80 | 5-8 |
| Sliced mushrooms | 1-2 wire racks | - |  | 60 | 6-9 |
| Herbs, washed | 1-2 wire racks | - |  | 60 | 2-6 |

Preserving

You can preserve fruit and vegetables using your appliance.

Warning – Risk of injury!

If the food is preserved incorrectly, the preserving jars may burst. Follow the instructions for preserving.

Jars

Use only clean and undamaged preserving jars. Only use heat-resistant, clean and undamaged rubber rings. Check clips and clamps in advance.

For each preserving process, only use preserving jars that are the same size and contain the same food. In the cooking compartment, you can preserve the contents of a maximum of six ½, 1 or 1½-litre preserving jars at the same time. Do not use jars that are larger or taller than this. The lids could rupture.

Preserving jars must not touch one another in the cooking compartment during the preserving process.

Preparing fruit and vegetables

Only use fruit and vegetables that are in good condition. Wash them thoroughly.

Peel, core and chop fruit and vegetables appropriate to their type and fill the preserving jars with them up to approx. 2 cm below the rim.

Fruit

Fill the preserving jars with the fruit along with a hot, skimmed sugar solution (approx. 400 ml for a 1-litre jar). For one litre of water:

- Approx. 250 g sugar for sweet fruit
- Approx. 500 g sugar for sour fruit

Vegetables

Fill the jars with the vegetables along with hot, boiled water.

Wipe the rims of the jars, as they must be clean. Place a damp rubber ring and a lid on each jar. Seal the jars with clamps. Place the jars into the universal pan so that they do not touch each other. Pour 500 ml hot water (approx. 80 °C) into the universal pan. Use the settings indicated in the table.

Ending the preserving process

Fruit

After a short while, small bubbles will form at short intervals. Switch off the appliance once all preserving jars are bubbling. Remove the jars from the cooking compartment after the indicated cooling time.

Vegetables

After a short while, small bubbles will form at short intervals. As soon as all preserving jars are bubbling, reduce the temperature to 120 °C and allow the jars to continue to bubble in the closed cooking compartment as indicated in the table. After this time has elapsed, switch off the appliance and make use of the residual heat for several minutes as indicated in the table.


After preserving, remove the jars from the cooking compartment and place them onto a clean cloth. Do not place these hot jars onto a cold or damp surface, as





they may crack. Cover the preserving jars to protect them from draughts. Only remove the clamps once the jars are cold.

Recommended setting values

The indicated times in the settings table are average values for preserving fruit and vegetables. They may be influenced by room temperature, the number of jars, quantity, heat and quality of the jar contents. The specifications are based on 1-litre round jars. Before you switch off the appliance or change the cooking mode, check whether the contents of the jars are bubbling as they should. The bubbling process starts after approx. 30-60 minutes.

Type of heating used:

-  4D hot air

| Dish | Cookware | Shelf position | Type of heating | Temperature in °C | Cooking time in mins. |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|---|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| Preserving | | | | | |
| Vegetables, e.g. carrots | 1-litre preserving jars | 1 |  | 160-170 | Before it starts bubbling: 30-40 |
| | | | | 120 | When it starts to bubble: 30-40 |
| | | | | - | Residual heat: 30 |
| Vegetables, e.g. cucumbers | 1-litre preserving jars | 1 |  | 160-170 | Before it starts bubbling: 30-40 |
| | | | | - | Residual heat: 30 |
| Stone fruit, e.g. cherries, damsons | 1-litre preserving jars | 1 |  | 160-170 | Before it starts bubbling: 30-40 |
| | | | | - | Residual heat: 35 |
| Pomes, e.g. apples, strawberries | 1-litre preserving jars | 1 |  | 160-170 | Before it starts bubbling: 30-40 |
| | | | | - | Residual heat: 25 |

Prove dough

You can prove yeast dough in your appliance more quickly than at room temperature. Use the top/bottom heating type. Only start operation when the cooking compartment has fully cooled down.

Always allow yeast dough to prove twice. Observe the specifications in the settings tables for the 1st and 2nd proving processes (dough fermentation and final fermentation).

Dough fermentation

Use the settings indicated in the table and heat up the appliance. Position the dough bowl on the wire rack.

Do not open the appliance door during the proving process, as moisture will escape. Cover the dough with a damp cloth.

Final fermentation


Place your baked item into the oven at the shelf position indicated in the table.





If you want to preheat the oven, the final fermentation takes place outside the appliance in a warm place.

Recommended setting values

The temperature and proving time are dependent on the type and quantity of the ingredients. The values in the table are therefore only meant to be average values.

Type of heating used:

-  Top/bottom heating

| Dish | Accessories/cookware | Shelf position | Type of heating | Temperature in °C | Cooking time in mins. |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|----------------|---|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Yeast dough, light | Bowl | 2 |  | 35-40 | 25-30 |
| | Baking tray | 2 |  | 35-40 | 10-20 |
| Yeast dough, heavy and rich | Bowl | 2 |  | 35-40 | 20-40 |
| | Baking tray | 2 |  | 35-40 | 15-25 |

Defrosting

Use the "Microwave" operation mode to defrost frozen fruit, vegetables, poultry, meat, fish and baked items.

Remove the frozen food from its packaging and place it onto the wire rack in cookware suitable for microwave use. Observe the notes on cookware suitable for microwaves. → "Microwave" on page 19

Slide the wire rack in with the imprint "Microwave" facing the appliance door and the outer rail facing downwards.

Remove unused accessories from the cooking compartment. This will allow you to achieve optimum cooking results and save energy.

Recommended setting values

The times in the table are average values. They are dependent on the quality, freezing temperature (-18 °C) and composition of the food. Time ranges are indicated. Set the shortest time first and then extend the time if

necessary. You can often achieve better results when defrosting in several steps. These are indicated one below the other in the table.

Tip: Items which were frozen flat or portioned defrost faster than those frozen in a block.














Stir the food or turn it once or twice in between. Large pieces of food should be turned several times. Occasionally split the food or remove items which have already defrosted from the cooking compartment.

Leave the defrosted food to rest for another 10 to 30 minutes in the appliance whilst it is switched off, so that the temperature balances out.







Tip: If you have quantities other than those indicated in the settings table, this basic rule will help: double the quantity equates to roughly double the cooking time.

Type of heating used:

-  Microwave

| Dish | Accessories/cookware | Shelf position | Type of heating | MW power in watts | Cooking time in mins. |
|--|----------------------|----------------|---|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Bread, bread rolls | | | | | |
| Bread, 500 g | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 180 | 3 |
| | | | | 90 | 10-15 |
| Bread rolls | Wire rack | 2 |  | 180 | 5-10 |
| | | | | 90 | 5-10 |
| Cake | | | | | |
| Cake, moist, 500 g | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 180 | 5 |
| | | | | 90 | 15-20 |
| Cake, dry, 750 g | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 180 | 2 |
| | | | | 90 | 10-15 |
| Meat and poultry | | | | | |
| Chicken, whole, 1.2 kg* | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 180 | 10 |
| | | | | 90 | 10-15 |
| Poultry portions, 250 g* | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 180 | 3 |
| | | | | 90 | 5-10 |
| Duck, 2 kg* | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 180 | 10 |
| | | | | 90 | 30-40 |
| Whole pieces of meat, e.g. joint (raw meat), 800 g* | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 180 | 15 |
| | | | | 90 | 10-15 |
| Whole pieces of meat, e.g. joint (raw meat), 1 kg* | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 180 | 15 |
| | | | | 90 | 20-30 |
| Whole pieces of meat, e.g. joint (raw meat), 1.5 kg* | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 180 | 15 |
| | | | | 90 | 25-35 |
| Meat, in pieces or slices, e.g. goulash (raw meat), 500 g* | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 180 | 8 |
| | | | | 90 | 5-10 |
| Minced meat, mixed, 200 g* | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 90 | 8-15 |
| Minced meat, mixed, 500 g* | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 180 | 5 |
| | | | | 90 | 10-15 |

* Turn halfway through cooking time

| Dish | Accessories/cookware | Shelf position | Type of heating | MW power in watts | Cooking time in mins. |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------|---|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Minced meat, mixed, 800 g* | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 180 | 10 |
| | | | | 90 | 15-20 |
| Fish | | | | | |
| Fish, whole, 300 g* | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 180 | 3 |
| | | | | 90 | 10-15 |
| Fish fillet, 400 g* | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 180 | 5 |
| | | | | 90 | 10-15 |
| Fruit, vegetables | | | | | |
| Berries, 300 g | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 180 | 5-10 |
| Vegetables, 600 g | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 180 | 10 |
| | | | | 90 | 8-13 |
| Miscellaneous | | | | | |
| Defrosting butter, 125 g | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 90 | 7-9 |
| * Turn halfway through cooking time | | | | | |

Heating food in a microwave

Using the microwave, you can heat food, or defrost and heat it in a single step.

Take ready-to-eat meals out of the packaging. The food will heat up more quickly and evenly in cookware that is suitable for microwaves. The various components of a dish may require different times to heat up.

Food which lies flat will cook more quickly than food which is piled high. Arrange the food as flat as possible in the cookware for this reason. Food should not be vertically stacked.

Cover the food. This will ensure better cooking results. If you do not have a lid that fits your cookware, use a plate or microwave film for this purpose.

Stir food two to three times during cooking and turn it if necessary. After heating food up, leave it to rest for 1 to 2 minutes to compensate for the temperature difference.

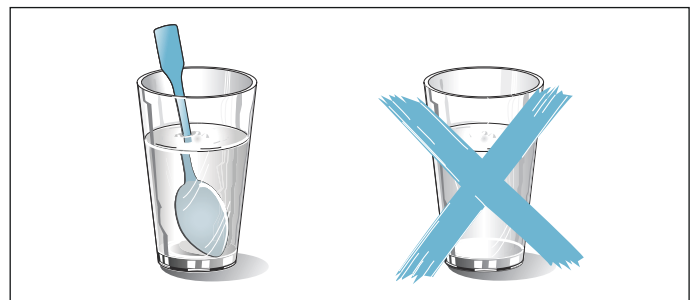
If you are heating up baby food, place the bottle onto the wire rack without the teat or the lid. After heating up, shake well or stir and be sure to check the temperature.

The food transfers heat to the cookware. It can become very hot when only using the microwave for preparation.

Tip: If you have quantities other than those indicated in the settings table, this basic rule will help: double the quantity equates to roughly double the cooking time.

Warning – Risk of scalding!

There is a possibility of delayed boiling when a liquid is heated. This means that the liquid reaches boiling temperature without the usual steam bubbles rising to the surface. Even if the container only vibrates a little, the hot liquid may suddenly boil over and spatter. When heating, always place a spoon in the container. This will prevent delayed boiling.



Caution!

Creation of sparks: Metal – e.g. a spoon in a glass – must be kept at least 2 cm from the cooking compartment walls and the inside of the door. Sparks can irreparably damage the glass on the inside of the door.

Recommended setting values

In the table, you can find the setting values for heating various drinks and foodstuffs up in the microwave. The times specified are only average values. These depend on the cookware used, the quality, temperature and composition of the food in question. Time ranges are indicated. Set the shortest time first and then extend the time if necessary.

The values in the table apply to food placed into a cold cooking compartment.















If no values are indicated for your food, use similar foods in the table as orientation.

Remove any accessories from the cooking compartment which are not being used. This will ensure optimum cooking results and will also save energy.

Wipe the cooking compartment clean after cooking.

Type of heating used:

■  Microwave

| Dish | Cookware | Shelf position | Type of heating | MW power in watts | Cooking time in mins. |
|---|---------------------|----------------|---|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Heating drinks | | | | | |
| 200 ml (stir well) | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 900 | 1-3 |
| 400 ml (stir well) | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 900 | 2-6 |
| Heating baby food | | | | | |
| Baby bottles, 150 ml (stir well) | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 360 | 1-3 |
| Vegetables, chilled | | | | | |
| 250 g | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | 600 | 3-8 |
| Vegetables, frozen | | | | | |
| loose, 250 g | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | 600 | 8-12 |
| Creamed spinach, frozen block, 450 g (stir well) | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | 600 | 11-16 |
| Dishes, chilled | | | | | |
| Plated meal, 1 portion | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | 600 | 4-8 |
| Soup, stew, 400 ml (stir well) | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | 600 | 5-7 |
| Side dishes, e.g. pasta, dumplings, potatoes, rice | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | 600 | 5-10 |
| Bakes, 400 g, e.g. lasagne, potato gratin | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 600 | 5-10 |
| Dishes, frozen | | | | | |
| Plated meal, 1 portion | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | 600 | 11-15 |
| Soup, stew, 200 ml (stir well) | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | 900 | 2-4 |
| Side dishes, 500 g, e.g. pasta, dumplings, potatoes, rice | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | 600 | 7-10 |
| Bakes, 400 g, e.g. lasagne, potato gratin | Cookware, covered | 2 |  | 600 | 11-15 |

Keeping warm

You can keep cooked dishes warm using the "Keeping warm" heating type. This will avoid condensation developing, and means you will not have to wipe out the cooking compartment.

Do not keep cooked dishes warm for longer than two hours. Be aware that some dishes may continue cooking whilst being kept warm. Cover the dishes if necessary.

Test dishes

These tables have been produced for test institutes to facilitate the inspection of the appliance.

As per EN 60350-1:2013 and IEC 60350-1:2011 and as per standard EN 60705:2012, IEC 60705:2010.

Baking

Baked items that are placed into the oven on trays or in baking tins/dishes at the same time will not necessarily be ready at the same time.

Shelf positions for baking on two levels:

- Universal pan: Level 3
Baking tray: Level 1
- Baking tins/dishes on the wire rack
First wire rack: Level 3
Second wire rack: Level 1

Shelf positions for baking on three levels:

- Baking tray: Level 5
- Universal pan: Level 3
- Baking tray: Level 1

Apple pie

Apple pie on one level: place dark-coloured springform cake tins diagonally next to each other.

Apple pie on two levels: position dark-coloured springform cake tins above each other so that they are offset.

Cakes in tinplate springform cake tins: bake on one level with top/bottom heating. Place the springform cake tin onto the universal pan instead of onto the wire rack.




Fatless sponge cake













Fatless sponge cake on two levels: vertically stack springform cake tins in an offset manner on the wire racks.

Notes

- The setting values apply to dishes placed into a cold cooking compartment.
- Please note the information in the tables about preheating. The setting values are valid without rapid heating-up.
- For baking, use the lower of the indicated temperatures first.

Types of heating used:

-  4D hot air
-  Top/bottom heating
-  Pizza setting

| Dish | Accessories/cookware | Shelf position | Type of heating | Temperature in °C | Cooking time in mins. |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|---|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Baking | | | | | |
| Shortbread | Baking tray | 3 |  | 140-150* | 25-40 |
| Shortbread | Baking tray | 3 |  | 140-150* | 25-40 |
| Shortbread, 2 levels | Universal pan + baking tray | 3+1 |  | 140-150* | 30-40 |
| Shortbread, 3 levels | Baking trays + universal pan | 5+3+1 |  | 130-140* | 35-55 |
| Small cakes | Baking tray | 3 |  | 160* | 20-30 |
| Small cakes | Baking tray | 3 |  | 150* | 25-35 |
| Small cakes, 2 levels | Universal pan + baking tray | 3+1 |  | 150* | 25-35 |
| Small cakes, 3 levels | Baking trays + universal pan | 5+3+1 |  | 140* | 35-45 |
| Fatless sponge cake | Springform cake tin, diameter 26 cm | 2 |  | 160-170** | 25-35 |
| Fatless sponge cake | Springform cake tin, diameter 26 cm | 2 |  | 160-170** | 25-35 |
| Fatless sponge cake, 2 levels | Springform cake tin, diameter 26 cm | 3+1 |  | 150-170** | 30-50 |
| Apple pie | 2 x black plate tins, diameter 20 cm | 2 |  | 170-180 | 60-80 |
| Apple pie | 2 x black plate tins, diameter 20 cm | 2 |  | 180-200 | 60-80 |
| Apple pie, 2 levels | 2 x black plate tins, diameter 20 cm | 3+1 |  | 170-190 | 70-90 |


* Preheat for 5 mins, do not use quick heat function

** Preheat, do not use quick heat function

Grilling


Also slide in the universal pan. The liquid will be caught and the cooking compartment stays cleaner.

Type of heating used:

-  Grill, large area

| Dish | Accessories | Shelf position | Type of heating | Grill setting | Cooking time in mins. |
|------|-------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------------|
|------|-------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------------|

Grilling

| | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------|---|---|---|-------|
| Toasting bread* | Wire rack | 5 |  | 3 | 3-5 |
| Beefburger, 12 pieces** | Wire rack | 4 |  | 3 | 25-30 |

* Do not preheat




** Turn after 2/3 of the total time

Preparing food with a microwave

When preparing food in a microwave, always use cookware which is heat-resistant and suitable for microwave use. Observe the notes on cookware suitable for microwaves. → "Microwave" on page 19


If you place your cookware onto the wire rack, slide the wire rack in with the imprint "Microwave" facing the appliance door and the outer rail facing downwards.

Types of heating used:




-  4D hot air
-  Circulated air grilling
-  Microwave

| Dish | Accessories/cookware | Shelf position | Type of heating | Temperature in °C | MW power in watts | Cooking time in mins. |
|------|----------------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
|------|----------------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|




Microwave defrosting

| | | | | | | |
|------|---------------------|---|--|---|-----|-------|
| Meat | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | - | 180 | 5 |
| | | | | | 90 | 10-15 |

Microwave cooking

| | | | | | | |
|-------------|---------------------|---|--|---|-----|-------|
| Egg wash | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | - | 360 | 20 |
| | | | | | 180 | 20-25 |
| Sponge flan | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | - | 600 | 7-9 |
| Meat loaf | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | - | 600 | 22-27 |

Combined microwave cooking

| | | | | | | |
|---------------|---------------------|---|--|---------|-----|-------|
| Potato gratin | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 170-190 | 360 | 25-30 |
| Cake | Cookware, uncovered | 2 |  | 180-200 | 180 | 18-23 |
| Chicken* | Wire rack | 2 |  | 200-220 | 360 | 25-35 |

* Turn after 2/3 of the total time



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